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Thirty-Second Meeting
Forty-Seventh Session
Thursday, 27 May 1965

At the Palais des Nations, Geneva

Chairman: Mr. Lincoln
Secretary: Mr. Landau

Agenda item 28: Consideration of the draft convention on consular intercourse and immunities (A/5843, A/C.6/L.577 and Add.1-3, A/C.6/L.578, A/C.6/L.579, A/C.6/L.580, A/C.6/L.581, A/C.6/L.582, A/C.6/L.583, A/C.6/L.584, A/C.6/L.585, A/C.6/L.586, A/C.6/L.587, A/C.6/L.588, A/C.6/L.589, A/C.6/L.590, A/C.6/L.591, A/C.6/L.592, A/C.6/L.593, A/C.6/L.594, A/C.6/L.595, A/C.6/L.596, A/C.6/L.597, A/C.6/L.598, A/C.6/L.599, A/C.6/L.600, A/C.6/L.601, A/C.6/L.602, A/C.6/L.603, A/C.6/L.604, A/C.6/L.605, A/C.6/L.606, A/C.6/L.607, A/C.6/L.608, A/C.6/L.609, A/C.6/L.610, A/C.6/L.611, A/C.6/L.612, A/C.6/L.613, A/C.6/L.614, A/C.6/L.615, A/C.6/L.616, A/C.6/L.617,

Extract from General Orders No 15 Adjutant
General's Office Washington D.C. 15th April 1861

Companies accepted for Service in the 1st Regiment
of Infantry or Cavalry will without delay
be mustered by Companies into the service of the
United States immediately upon their arrival.

By order of Winfield Scott

The Militia called into service under the proclamation of
the President of the United States dated the 15th day of April 1861
shall be subject to the same rules & regulations & entitled to the same
pay as the regular troops.

Each Regiment of Infantry will be organized as follows:

Minimum.	Maximum
1 Captain	1 Captain
1 First Lieutenant	1 First Lieutenant
1 Second Lieutenant	1 Second Lieutenant
1 First Sergeant	1 First Sergeant
4 Sergeants	4 Sergeants
8 Corporals	8 Corporals
2 Musicians	2 Musicians
1 Wagoner	1 Wagoner
64 Privates	82 Privates
83 Aggregate	101 Aggregate

The commissioned officers of the companies will be appointed
by the Governors of the States furnishing them, but the Lieutenant
General will have the power to appoint the Captains, who shall be entitled to
commission from the President of the United States.

Each Regiment will be organized as follows.

Minimum.	Maximum.
830 Company officers & non-commissioned staff.	1010 Company officers & non-commissioned staff.
1 Colonel	1 Colonel
1 Lieut Colonel	1 Lieut Colonel
1 Major	1 Major
1 Adjt (Lieut)	1 Adjt (a Lieut)
1 Regt Qr Master (a Lieutenant)	1 Regt Qr M. (a Lieutenant)

"Musicians
E. Regiment
"The field officers of the Regiment will be appointed by the
"Legislature of the State which furnishes the Regiment.
"The Adjutant and Regimental Quartermaster will be
"selected from the commissioned officers of the Regiment by the field
"officers thereof for the time being.
"The non-commissioned staff will be selected by the com-
"missioned officers of the companies which compose the
"Regiment in the manner directed for the selection of
"corporals.
"4 Musicians.
"Sixteen privates or non-commissioned officers may be enlisted as
"musicians at the discretion of the Captain of each company
"to constitute the Regimental Band of the
"Regiment. The Regimental Band instruments will be
"selected from the companies by the Band themselves
"under the direction of the Regimental Commander
"and Field Officers, who shall not be required to
"purchase any instrument at a higher price than $50.00 each for
"wind instruments, or exceed in the whole the sum of
"one hundred dollars for the Band, nor shall any
"Band be entitled to more than one Drum Major
"Band Sergeant, one Principal Musician, who shall be
"Leader of the Band, one Assistant Musician, who shall be
"Sergeant, four Musicians, who shall be Corporals, two
"Musicians who shall be Privates, who shall be
"Musicians of the Second Class, and sixteen Musicians
"of the Third Class.
"Every Musician, non-commissioned officer, private, musi-
"cian, and drummer of the Band of the Regiment
"shall provide the following articles, viz: Every
"Musician of the First Class, a Silver Cornet, Every
"Musician of the Second Class, a Tenor Cornet, Every
"Musician of the Third Class, a Bass Drum, Every
"Musician of the Second Class, a Tenor Drum, Every
"Musician of the Third Class, a Snare Drum, Every
"Musician of the First Class, a Baritone, Every Musician
"of the Second Class, a Bass Horn, Every Musician
"of the Third Class, a Bass Horn, Every Musician
"of the First Class, a Bass Horn

[illegible] and allowances [illegible]

Regiments of Infantry and of the regiments to be paid as follows: One fourth of each will receive the said allowances of Sergeants of Engineer Soldiers, one fourth of Corporals of Engineer Soldiers, and the remaining half of privates of Engineer Soldiers of the first class."

"Sergeants and Saddlers will receive the pay and allowances of Corporals of Cavalry"

"The regimental Commanders Sergeant Majors will receive the pay and allowances of a Regimental Sergeant Major"

"Every Quartermaster Sergeant shall receive the pay and allowances of a Regimental Sergeant Major of Cavalry."

"Every Regimental Quartermaster will be appointed by the Regimental Commander in the role of the Regimental Quartermaster and will be responsible for the proper [illegible] of all [illegible] and stores."

"The Regimental Sergeant Major will be responsible for the proper [illegible] of all [illegible] and stores."

"The Regimental Quartermaster Sergeant will be responsible for the proper [illegible] of all [illegible] and stores."

"The Regimental Quartermaster

Governor's Proclamation

Secretary of War having accepted two companies of ca
ry to be raised in this Territory, to be attached to the First Reg
ment of Nebraska Volunteers, Hereby appoint the Compan
Ella Connelley South and one to the Counties North of the Platte
River. Directing that each Company may furnish its first
ficers & men and have as many supernumeraries as they see
mentation in the office of the two Companies. No Compa
ies will be received or mustered into the service of the United States unless fully organized as
by law. No Company will be received or mustered into the service of the United States unless
it be furnished with horses by the United States. Musters will be
held as soon as the Companies are mustered into the service of the United States
and Williams is hereby instructed to disband the
Recruiting Officers appointed by the Acting Governor
and Superintendent of Indian Affairs
Given at Omaha City this 12th day of January
A.D. 1865

By the Governor & Superintendent
Acting Governor & Superintendent
of Indian Affairs of Nebraska

Executive

Whereas a Vacancy has occurred in the Representation from this State by the resignation of Hon. Silas A. Strickland, Senator of the County of Sarpy, and by the resignation of Hon. J. M. Thayer in the district Composed of the Counties of Cass, Otoe and Dodge. Now therefore I Alvin Saunders, Governor of the Territory of Nebraska in pursuance of the provisions of the Statutes in such cases made and provided do hereby issue this my Proclamation, ordering an Election to fill said Vacancy, to be held on the Second Tuesday of October next being the 9th day of said Month and being the time fixed by Law for the Election of Members of the House of Representatives, and do hereby direct that said Election be held at the same places and be conducted in the same manner and the returns thereof be made in the manner as is prescribed by Law in relation to the Election of Members of the House of Representatives

In Testimony Whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the Territory to be affixed at Omaha this 4th day of September A.D. 1861

Alvin Saunders

By the Governor

H. P. Downing Secretary

State of Nebraska

Executive Department
Omaha Sept 28 1861

Whereas, a vacancy has occured in the Council of Territory, by the resignation of Hon John M. Thayer. Now therefore I Alvin Saunders Governor of the Territory of Nebraska, issue this Proclamation ordering an election to fill said vacancy, to be held on the Second Tuesday of October next and being the time fixed by law for the election of Members of the House of Representatives, said election shall be held at the same places and be conducted in the same manner and the result reported in the same manner as is fixed by law in relation to the election of Members of the House of Representatives

In Testimony Whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the Territory to be affixed. Done at Omaha the 28th day of September A.D. 1861

Alvin Saunders
Governor

108

Omaha

Honorable Salmon P. Chase
Secretary of Treasury
Washington D.C.

Sir:

In obedience to instructions from your Department I herewith transmit the Estimate of the expenses of this Territory for the fiscal year ending June 30th 1863.

For Salaries of Governor and Secretary	$4500.00
For contingent Expenses of the Executive Office	1000.00
For Compensation and Mileage of members of the Legislative Assembly, Attendance of Witnesses and Auditing Expenses of the Legislature	20000.00
For Salaries of Judges	6000.00
For Expenses of Marshal's Office viz: for salaries of Marshal and Deputy as herewith enclosed	11477.00
For Salary, Fuel and Rent of U.S. Attorney	1250.00
For Fuel and Rent of Clerks	1300.00
	$45327.00

I have the honor to be Sir
Most Respectfully
Your Obt Servt
Algernon S Paddock
Secretary

U.S. Marshal's Office
Omaha City Nebraska

Hon S. P. Chase
Secretary of the Treasury

Sir

The following is an estimate of the expenses of this office for the fiscal year ending June 30. 1863.

Criminal Jurors and Witnesses	$4240.00
Petit Jurors and do do	3620.
Witnesses and do do	2150.
Bailiffs and Criers	400
Support and guarding of Prisoners	4852
Rent of Court and Jury Rooms	1
Stationary and lights	
Fees, per diem and Commissions of Marshal	

Eighth
Annual Message
of the
Governor
of the
Territory of Nebraska
to the
Legislative Assembly
of the
Eighth Annual Session.

Begun and held at the City of Omaha, Nebraska Territory, on the First Monday of December 1862.

With the accompanying Documents.

[illegible] on the first
[illegible] history, and continued
[illegible] of such subsequent
[illegible] you such information
[illegible] on the Executive, which may
[illegible] matter of duty; and also to
[illegible] your position by calling
[illegible] of public importance as may in
[illegible] action at your hands.

[illegible] ting my first official communication, I would
[illegible] wish first to congratulate you on the auspic-
[illegible] ious under which you have convened, and
[illegible] in an expression of gratitude to the Supreme
[illegible] ruler for the blessings which He has vouchsafed
[illegible] you in warding off pestilence and famine, — in gran-
[illegible] ting uninterrupted health, fruitful seasons and abundant
[illegible] harvests, in protecting us thus far from the horrors of civil
[illegible] and fratricidal war, and continuing to us the rich and unexam-

pled blessings of peace, and preceding it
[illegible] may, I should here add that I refer
[illegible] to the population and internal resources
[illegible] of Nebraska contained in the official
[illegible] reports which you have before you, and
[illegible] to the fact that the population of the Territory
[illegible] will, I doubt not, be largely increased by the
[illegible] time of your session.

The Territory was organized in May, 1854, by
[illegible] legislation of the Kansas-Nebraska Act
[illegible] January, 1855. At that time, according to
[illegible] census taken by the then acting Governor, the
[illegible] number of inhabitants in the Territory amounted
[illegible] to 2,732, or to be more explicit, 2,732 persons
[illegible] had increased from that period
[illegible] count as steadily and as rapidly as
[illegible] anyone could desire; and this
[illegible] fact was made that one of the

[illegible]

[illegible] separate States
[illegible] reasonably expect Congress
[illegible] liberal appropriations. The rec-
ord of the Territory to the Federal Government
must be that of the child to the parent. The
Federal Government should encourage and protect
the people of a Territory as a wise and provident
father would his children, for the beginning of a
Territory may be portentous, but the ultimate
advantage is mutual. Its development and
wealth increase are augmented by every dollar
and power of the nation added to its
resources by the management of every portion
of its Empire and the happiness of every citizen
must depend upon the liberality with which
wealth is expended for the improvement of
the Territories. The people of a Territory
should be represented in the Congress of the
United States, and their representatives
should be entitled to receive the same
compensation as the Representatives of the
several States. The Capital of the Territory
should be established by the Legislature, but
should not be permanently located until the
people of the Territory, through a legislative
enactment, shall have signified their choice
of a permanent location. With the Capital
will naturally be located the Territorial
Executive Department, the Territorial Library,
the Territorial Historical Society, and the
Territorial Penitentiary. Provision should be
made for the speedy construction of a Capitol
building, and for the early completion of
the Penitentiary. The Executive should be
empowered to withhold his approval of any
act of the Legislature, locating the Capital
or Penitentiary, until the will of the people
can be ascertained at a general election.
Provision should be made for the speedy
construction of public buildings, and the
early completion of the Penitentiary.
The Executive should be empowered to withhold
his approval of any act of the Legislature
locating the Capital or Penitentiary, until
the will of the people can be ascertained at a
general election. Provision should be made
for the speedy construction of public buildings,
and the early completion of the Penitentiary.
Provision should be made for the necessary appropriations
The expenses of each branch of the Government
must be fixed by law, and all claims against
the Government must be examined by officers
appointed for that purpose before they can be
paid. Every citizen should be interested in
the faithful administration of the Government
and all officers, from the highest to the lowest,
should be responsible to the people, and their
terms of service should be short. Frequent
elections should be held, and every citizen
should be encouraged by the strongest motives
to perform the duty of voting. The Executive
should be empowered to remove any officer
appointed by him for cause, after notice and
opportunity to be heard in his defense.
A free and independent Judiciary is essential
to the protection of the citizen, and the
Judges of the Supreme and District Courts
should be men learned in the law, of
sound morality, and of sufficient ability
to command the confidence of litigants.
Their terms of office should be long enough
to secure their independence, and their
salaries should be liberal and certain,
during their continuance in office.
A Territory occupies the important position
of standing in the midst of a body of States
and Territories, and its institutions will be
subjected to the closest scrutiny. Every
effort to secure the greatest prosperity and
happiness to the people of the Territory
should be encouraged by the General Government,
and every assistance consistent with the
Constitution should be cheerfully given to
the people in their efforts to establish
for themselves the best institutions under
which to live. The right of self-government
should be scrupulously preserved, and the
Territory should be made to feel that in
the Union it occupies the position of a
State in embryo, and not that of a
Colony to be governed for the benefit of
the Mother Country. The Executive should
be in full sympathy with the people, and
should be willing to learn their wishes
and to carry them into effect, when they
are not inconsistent with the Constitution
and the laws. The Executive should be
active in the performance of his duties,
and should not be willing to throw upon
the Legislature responsibilities which
belong to his office. He should be
willing to recommend to the Legislature
such measures as he may think necessary
to the welfare of the people, but should
not be disposed to control the free
action of the Legislature by the use
of the veto power, except when he
deems it necessary to protect the
rights of the Executive Department
or to prevent hasty and improper
legislation. The Executive should
be willing to give reasons for his
official acts, and should not be
disposed to veto any bill merely
because he may not have had the
originating of it. The Executive
should be willing to be governed
by the will of the people, and
should not be disposed to thwart
their wishes, unless he is satisfied
that they have been misled or
deceived. The Executive should
be willing to allow the fullest
liberty of discussion, and should
not be disposed to prevent the
widest latitude of debate. The
Executive should be willing to
submit to the Legislature all
official acts for their approval
or disapproval, and should be
willing to submit his official
conduct to the fullest investigation.
The Executive should be willing
to give the Legislature all
information in his possession
that may be necessary for the
proper discharge of their duties,
and should not withhold any
information for political purposes.
The Executive should be willing
to submit to the Legislature
all claims against the Government
for their examination and
allowance, and should not be
disposed to veto any bill
making an appropriation to
pay such claims merely because
he may not have had the
originating of them. The

of the Territory
of Utah shall have power
to pass laws and alterations to all laws
passed by the Legislative Assembly
and Governor of said Territory which
shall become void and of no effect
unless they shall be approved and
confirmed by the General Assembly
at their next session thereafter
and a full and correct copy of
each and every such law and
alteration passed by the Legislative
Assembly and Governor of said Territory
shall be laid before the General Assembly
within the first week of the session
thereof. And all laws passed by the
Legislative Assembly and Governor of
said Territory shall be submitted to
the General Assembly for their approval
or rejection, and no law shall be in force
or have any effect which may be disapproved
by the General Assembly.

The Legislative Assembly of said Territory
shall never interfere with the primary
disposal of the soil within the limits of
said Territory, nor with any regulations
which may be adopted by the United States
in relation to the primary disposal of the
soil; nor shall any tax be imposed upon
the property of the United States; nor
shall the lands or other property of non-
residents be taxed higher than the lands
or other property of residents. And in
case it shall be necessary for the purpose
of making sales of any of the lands of
said Territory, that the public surveys
or any portion thereof shall be extended
after the same shall have been made
according to the system adopted by the
United States, the same shall be done
in conformity to the legislative
acts of Congress in such case made
and provided.

And be it further enacted, That
the Governor shall cause a census or
enumeration of the inhabitants of
the several counties of said Territory
to be taken, whenever he shall think
proper, or whenever directed to do
so by the Legislative Assembly of
said Territory, and the persons
appointed to take such census or
enumeration shall be sworn to
perform the duties assigned to them
with impartiality and fidelity, and
in case any person appointed as
aforesaid shall refuse to be sworn
as aforesaid, or shall neglect or refuse
to perform the duties assigned to him
as aforesaid, he shall forfeit and pay
the sum of one hundred dollars to
the use of the Territory, to be
recovered by action of debt in any
court of record in said Territory
having jurisdiction thereof; and
the Governor shall cause a new
census or enumeration to be taken
as aforesaid. The persons taking
such census or enumeration shall
return to the Governor a list of
the names of all persons residing
in each county, with their ages,
sex and color, as nearly as may
be, and the Governor shall cause
the returns of the several counties
to be added together and the
aggregate population of said
Territory ascertained, and he
shall certify the same to the
Secretary of State, and the
census or enumeration so taken
shall be the basis upon which
the apportionment of the members
of the Legislative Assembly shall
be made, and the Governor shall
cause the number of members
to which each county shall be
entitled to be apportioned
according to the census or
enumeration so taken, and
deprive the several counties of
advantages of actual and
bona fide residents, and
accompaniments of a decent
Such

[illegible] Section [illegible] of the Constitution of
Kentucky that direct taxes
shall be assessed in proportion to
the population assigned to Kentucky
by the Census of One thousand three
hundred and twelve dollars. This tax may be
assessed and collected by officers to be appointed
by the Secretary of the Treasury, or that he
assessed by the Territorial Governments, in the
latter case a deduction of fifteen per cent.
from the gross amount shall be allowed the
Territory, if they accomplish the collection
the necessary provision for collecting the
same during the year. And to the tax levied for
the collection of Territorial purposes shall be
your make distinct entries, providing for all payments
as your Assessors may elect. Letting the time
to be raised is comparatively large, the Treasury
not trusted to Territorial purposes, the Secretary
of the Treasury ought to be authorized
to draw orders, and the Territorial Treasurer
to pay them out of any money in the Treasury
of the United States not otherwise appropriated
by the Constitution, and the Territorial Treasurer
to be held responsible to the General Government
and the Territory for the faithful performance
of his duties, and the Territorial Treasurer
will deposit with the Territorial Treasurer, for
safety, for drawing orders in payment of the
Territory, and the Territorial Treasurer will deposit
with the Secretary of the Treasury of the United
States

I am very
sorry that
on any occasion that I may
have to call the attention of the
Authorities to the services rendered by the
two Judges towards each other and their
personnel as well as our official intercourse
with reference to the Public Service may
characterized by mutual courtesy and
consideration and with a view of pleasure and
each of you shall in no way interfere with this cour-
tesy in the reciprocal pursuit of their

Arthur Sanderson

Executive Secretary

Manila, P.I. June 2nd 1901.

united by many good
citizens of this Territory, that
armed men, styling themselves
are committing depredations
upon the persons & property of
the Territory—
& threatening the lives of many of the
Loyal citizens. Now therefore, I Alvin Saunders,
Governor of the Territory of Nebraska, do
hereby command all bands or companies
of men, leagued together for the purposes
aforesaid, or for other unlawful purposes,
within this Territory, to immediately disband
and return to their homes, or at least to leave
the Territory; and in case they, or any other
parties hereafter formed within the limits
of the Territory, engaged in acts of robbery,
or in any way disturbing the peace of our
citizens, all the powers of the Territory, both
civil and military, will be brought to bear
against them, and it being, such severe
punishment as justice demands, will be
executed without fear or favor.

{L.S.} Given under my hand and the
great seal of the Territory, at
Omaha this 2nd day of February
A. D. 1862

By the Governor Alvin Saunders

Algernon S. Paddock

Secretary of the Territory

Untitled

[illegible] ordered that
[illegible] Militia Regiment
forty five effective Regiments
in the different Regimental Districts
County County, County Regiment, Battalion
Peace Sheriffs, Constables, Justices of Peace
Grand and Petit Jurors respectively duly
forthwith enroll their Names and Residences
Militia Companies of not less than thirty five nor
more than sixty Men under each respective
Electing from their number one Captain two
Lieutenants (first and second) four Sergeants and
four Corporals and forthwith file a List of the
names so enrolled in each Company with the
Captain of some Battalion in Militia Regiment
of their County and in case of any vacancy
in this said Commissioned Officers to be promoted to
fill such vacancy. And it is hereby ordered that the
Captains of the several Companies, and each of them do call
forthwith meeting their respective Companies
for the purpose of filling such vacancy and
to be certified to the Colonel of the Regiment
to which such Officer is to be promoted to
fill such vacancy.

By Order &c.

Alexr. Saunders, Governor and Commander in
Chief of the Militia of the Province aforesaid

Jno. Dr. Secty. Office Council

citizens themselves
into regiments organ-
Kansas and Missouri are
citizens of this Territory to enlist
ments and, Whereas, I have been
officers have been detailed and will
ly service in the Territory to recruit for our own
ienty men in the field, which together with the
ther necessary for our home protection. will
spire any volunteer that the Territory can furnish

Now therefore, I Alvin Saunders,
Governor of the Territory of Nebraska do hereby
give notice to all persons that the most
immediately assist from their attempts to recruit
enlistments in this Territory for regiments organized
or about to be organized in our other States or
Territory, and I do forbid, and all citizens
of this Territory to enlist in any regiment, battalion,
or Company not expressly authorized to be raised
by this department, or to go beyond the limits of this
Territory to or enlist in any other State or
Territory.

In Witness whereof I have hereunto
set my hand and caused to be
affixed the great seal of the Territory
of Nebraska.

Done at Omaha Nebraska
this 15th day of August A. D. 1862

By the Governor
Alvin Saunders

Algernon S. Paddock
Secretary of the Territory

Executive

In view of the critical affairs, and the apprehension that may be made on the frontier of Texas, it is again demanded of the organized county of the [illegible] they shall immediately march with the military entailed [illegible] Order No 6 &c. and it is ordered and expected that all organized companies must at all times be prepared for instant March to protect the frontier from the Indians and the people of Texas from the Mexicans

It is believed by this Department that every citizen in this [illegible] of this Province will [illegible] and as necessary to the management of their own affairs, until at a time when the present [illegible] the peaceful citizens of a free state, [illegible] to [illegible] of Texas to [illegible] the [illegible] of Texas [illegible] to [illegible] the [illegible] of Texas [illegible] to [illegible] the [illegible] of Texas [illegible]

Already [illegible]
and [illegible]
but [illegible]
[illegible] Algernon S. Paddock
[illegible] Governor of the Forty Niner

Special Order No Two

War Department
Omaha City Oct 13th 1862

It is ordered that Captain Sterrett Lt Curran
Lt Lee P. Gillette and their officers detailed
& recruits for the First Nebraska Regiment have
the authority to enlist men in all the counties
[illegible] Territory
[illegible] or any other persons or officers shall have
authority to enlist men in this Territory until
otherwise ordered Any person or officer disobeying
[illegible] section of this order will be considered a dis-
turber of the public peace and be treated
accordingly.

By order of

Algernon S. Paddock
Acting Governor and Commander in Chief
Attest J. Ruliek A A G

Quarter Sheet

It is ordered that the several Co[mpanies] furnish, at the request of Capt. Alex[ander] and Lieut. Lew. A. Willis recruiting Service at rendezvous at Bristol, Plattsburgh, Nashville and Greenville or before the 1st day of October next their respective quotas of Men required to fill the County of Washington Regiment of Infantry to wit:

Salisbury	Town	2
Bristol	"	5
Starksborough	"	4
Hancock	"	1
Granville	"	1
Lincoln	"	1
Warren	"	4
Waitsfield	"	3
Fayston	"	2
Moretown	"	6
Duxbury	"	3
Waterbury	"	5
Middlesex	"	2
Worcester	"	1
Calais	"	4
Berlin	"	3
Montpelier	"	11
Barre	"	13
Plainfield	"	13
		315

[illegible]

62

[illegible] by
[illegible] south
[illegible] and
[illegible] of Illinois. [illegible]
[illegible] produced by
[illegible] of a very glorious
and [illegible] would small
[illegible] their brothers to sustain.
[illegible] them for the great final
[illegible] trial of our country. Your flag of
[illegible] union is addressed especially to
[illegible] will you rally to the
[illegible] aid from the field in which
[illegible] for your country for your
[illegible] flag for your liberties upon the old new
[illegible] many years have enjoyed the blessings
great & boasted free Government who ever
[illegible] exist in their minds the teachings of the
[illegible] that without Union there can be no
[illegible] prosperity or safety in this State.
[illegible] the duty of advising old encouraging
[illegible] men to go to the defiance of their brothers
[illegible] & to the middle aged to urge the duty
[illegible] aiding and sustaining the family of
[illegible] who go to fight for their Country. Every citizen
[illegible] some duty to perform in this hour of national
[illegible] he who neglects its performance commits
[illegible] one against the great cause of civil liberty.

[illegible] will be issued immediately after the
[illegible] number required across the several County.
[illegible] may be in progress to fill the
[illegible] of the Territory is called upon to aid
[illegible] military duty. Those who are called
[illegible] are requested to contribute liberally
[illegible] which will enable those who
[illegible] their family in a comfortable

Many who could
promising to provide
are willing to go out
some of money to them,

The Board of Commissioners
counties are requested to make
for the payment of bounty, and
other actions as they may
as they their duty.

It is hoped for the honor of
Council, that all regard with alacrity to
this call, which is necessary, duties Agreed
this must be executed, and the service, &c by
Volunteers, before the, so that the same need
not be called, and with their consent which
they may print this date.

Signed, J. Sadleir
Dep. Asst. Prov. Surveyor for the Dist. of Victoria

[illegible] from the Orderly
[illegible] the Battalion
[illegible] four hands of
[illegible] undestroyed Stick
[illegible] people treated.
[illegible] their hands.

[illegible] of the Settlers. one Regiment of
[illegible] Immediately organized
[illegible] Service to serve for three
[illegible] discharged. for the defence

[illegible] this Regiment will be as

[illegible]

[illegible] Lieut. Col. & Co. Lindy
[illegible] Adjutant
[illegible] Secretary.
[illegible]
[illegible] Sergeant
[illegible] Do
[illegible] Stewards
[illegible] Guard
[illegible] Do Blacksmith
[illegible] Surgeon. Each Company or troop as follows

[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]

1 " Law
8 " Books
3 " Stationery
3 " Stamps & Blanks
1 " Ladder
1 " Wagon
½ " Rivets

The Judiciary may be called on suddenly for certificates, & the Attorney & Printing Furniture included in the Territorial Contingent, & the officers and agents to furnish their own stationery, & the officers and agents to furnish their own stationery, & the Governor has ordered a Seal for the Territorial Secretary & Librarian. Other articles will be required, & the Territorial Treasurer will be required to furnish his own stationery, & the Territorial Attorney will be required to furnish his own stationery.

4th That the expenditures of the Territory in conducting the Judiciary, Executive & Legislative departments of the Government will be economical, & the appropriations for the same ought to be sufficient to defray them.

5th That the Territory will be required to build its own Penitentiary, & the Legislature should be authorized to provide for the same.

6th That the Territory will be required to build its own Capitol, Public Offices, Court Houses & Jails, & the Legislature should be authorized to provide for the same.

7th That the Governor, Secretary, Chief Justice & Associate Justices, Attorney, Marshal & Surveyor General, before entering upon the duties of their offices, should be required to give bonds with sufficient sureties, for the faithful performance of their duties.

8th That the Legislative Assembly of the Territory will not be allowed to pass any law interfering with the primary disposal of the soil.

9th That no tax will be imposed upon the property of the United States, & in no case shall non-resident proprietors be taxed higher than residents.

10th That the Territory will be required to provide for the election of the members of the Legislative Assembly, & the Governor should be authorized to cause a census or enumeration of the inhabitants to be taken by such persons & in such manner as he may designate & appoint, before the first election shall be held, & the Legislative Assembly should be authorized to apportion the Representatives & Council districts according to the number of inhabitants, & to provide for the first election, & the manner in which it shall be conducted, subject to the approval of the Governor.

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122nd That the Legislative Assembly of the

[illegible] may be
[illegible] dispersed
in the State rebellion
[illegible] of the United States have
[illegible] within the limits of
the United States Marshall and
[illegible] power to arrest and imprison
[illegible] proof disloyal sentiment to
[illegible] aided or in any way give aid
[illegible] to the existing rebellion, or who
[illegible] discourage enlistments into the service
of the State. The arrest, with the facts in
each case and evidence of criminality,
[illegible] reported to the General Com-
manding the Department at St Paul Minnesota

By Command of
Major General Pope
C. Elliott
Brig. Gen U. S. Vol.

General Orders No 1
Head Quarters Dept of the Northwest.
St Paul, Minnesota Sept 16th 1862

In compliance with General Orders No 128, current
series War Department. Adjutant Generals Office.
Washington, Sept 7th 1862, the undersigned assumes
command of all troops raised or to be raised
within the limits of this Department.
All returns will be made of all troops to
Head Quarters.
All letters, and correspondence, will be
addressed A. C. Billings, Assistant Adjutant
General, St Paul Minnesota

[illegible] Commanding

Heads

We have reason to expect
Ruler of the Universe that
decree the year now ushered in
bust the great Nation. Breathing
his inspiration on his undertaking
a land and planted it he has widely
a civil war more terrible than any that
resisted upon a Christian Nation to
diverse trade and circulation throughout
Europe, ripley and prosperity, in which factory
have been almost equal days and trading
against to attain a wealth conflict.
The rest caused the nation to arrive and arrows
even the cost of crushed thousands of brave hearts
per may I crush the proud republic, which are
now bring to be divorced, in an army and
navy to the true of dissolution and clothe
these into the mail war that unintelligible
of how enjoy they are eager but to pursue these
the rest can the true test of nations which
which others are part the most nations as they may
you above the part of the world, the culture and
civilization of the other part of political existence
have been the use of the
nations which is the part of the American and
have been the part of the American character
has been the part of the world
Christian part to be united for the misery and
liberty which is the cause and principle
of the world. The rest of the united effect
of the true part, and the republic which
believe the part of the world

[illegible] Resolved by the Mayor and Council of the City of Omaha that the Mayor and Council will meet in their respective rooms in the City Hall on the first Monday in each month at 8 o'clock p.m. until otherwise ordered by the City Council.

And be it further resolved that the meetings of the Board of Equalization and Review shall be held on the first Monday in June, and the second Monday in July of each year, and that the meetings of the Board of Equalization and Review shall commence at 9 o'clock a.m. on that day, from time to time adjourning as may be necessary to complete the business before the Board.

Passed and approved this 12th day of November A.D. One thousand eight hundred and sixty five.

Attest: E. Cuddeback
City Clerk

Algernon S. Paddock
Mayor

Special Election.

A Proclamation by the Governor of Nebraska.

Executive Department.
Lincoln, September 1st, 1881.

Whereas, a vacancy has occurred in the Senate of this District, by the resignation of Hon. Edward B. Bates, of Douglas County, now therefore I, John Nance, Governor of the State of Nebraska, by virtue of the authority vested by law, do hereby order an election to fill said vacancy, to be held on the second Tuesday of October next, and that the time first for the election of Members of the House of Representatives shall be held at the same time, and the result reported in the same manner as provided by law for the election of Members of the House of Representatives.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of Nebraska to be affixed.

Done at Lincoln this 1st day of September, A. D. 1881.

John Nance

By the Governor:

[illegible]
Secretary of State.

By the Governor of the
State of Nebraska
A Proclamation
Whereas a vacancy has occurred in the Council
District of the 16th District of Otoe County: Now therefore
I Alvin Saunders Governor of the Territory of
Nebraska, issue this my Proclamation, ordering
an election to fill said vacancy, to be held
on the second Tuesday of October next, and
being the time fixed by Law for the election
of members of the House of Representatives;
Said election shall be held at the usual
places, and be conducted in the usual
manner and the result reported in the same
manner as is fixed by law in relation to the
election of members of the House of Representatives

In testimony whereof I have
hereunto set my hand and
caused the great seal of the
Territory to be affixed.
Done at Omaha this 14th day of
September 1863

Alvin Saunders

By the Governor
E. E. Cady
Secretary

Journal of the
Legislative Assembly
of the
Territory of Nebraska

[illegible] at this Step of our
[illegible] to require a proclamation
[illegible] the Capitol, or which to invite
[illegible] to give the memory of all from this Le-
[illegible] to our Holy Communion service
[illegible] be now communed, or who may fall
[illegible] its continuance. Such a proclamation might
[illegible] be conformed now with each manner, the date
[illegible] of the particular state, and the manner of
[illegible] the which shall from [illegible] respected.
This in effect [illegible] to the [illegible]
applied to the [illegible] of our present State
And does not [illegible] the [illegible]
College of Physicians, to [illegible] the Sense
of the Legislature, the Duty [illegible] the
whole [illegible] of [illegible] and [illegible]
of [illegible] to [illegible] by the Sanctions
of Religion should obey the Injunctions
of the sacred writings by subscribing [illegible]
Thirty-seven is due."

Resolved.

[illegible] Resolved by the Senate and House of Delegates of the United States
[illegible] Assembly, that the Governor be requested to issue his Proclamation
[illegible] the Day [illegible] for the Purpose of Public Humiliation, Fasting and
[illegible] to Almighty God, that he may be graciously pleased to avert
[illegible] Judgments with which we are threatened by the Progress
of the sacred writings by subscribing [illegible] Thirty-seven is due."

Straight to
the Gate
City, has
effective train and
through car service
to the people.

Pacific Railway.

a regular narrow gauge system of over
six hundred miles penetrating the
most fertile portion of the Great
Basin in the Central States, forming
direct and the shortest line between
Salt Lake City, Carrying the Great Overland
Mail, the Express and Passenger Traffic
between the Eastern States and
Nevada, the Territories, Montana,
Idaho, California, Oregon and the
Pacific Coast.

Short Line. Three passenger trains
each way between Ogden and Salt Lake City.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Pioche, Nevada.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Montello, Nevada.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Park City.
Two passenger trains each way between
Salt Lake City and Garfield Beach.
One passenger train each way between
Salt Lake City and Tintic.
One passenger train each way between
Salt Lake City and Ophir.
One passenger train each way between
Salt Lake City and Alta.
One passenger train each way between
Salt Lake City and Bingham.
Two passenger trains each way between
Salt Lake City and Eureka.
One passenger train each way between
Salt Lake City and Provo.
One passenger train each way between
Salt Lake City and Manti.
One passenger train each way between
Salt Lake City and Marysvale.
One passenger train each way between
Salt Lake City and Frisco.
One passenger train each way between
Salt Lake City and Milford.
One passenger train each way between
Salt Lake City and Modena.
Two passenger trains each way between
Salt Lake City and Lucin.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Evanston.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Butte.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Portland.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and San Francisco.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Los Angeles.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Denver.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Kansas City.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Omaha.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Chicago.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and St. Louis.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and New Orleans.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Boston.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and New York.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Washington.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Baltimore.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Philadelphia.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Pittsburgh.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Cincinnati.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Louisville.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Memphis.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Atlanta.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Jacksonville.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Charleston.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Savannah.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Mobile.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Montgomery.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Vicksburg.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Shreveport.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Dallas.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Houston.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Galveston.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Austin.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and San Antonio.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and El Paso.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Tucson.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Phoenix.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Yuma.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Tombstone.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Nogales.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Guaymas.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Mexico City.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Vera Cruz.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Tampico.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Monterey.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Saltillo.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Chihuahua.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Durango.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Zacatecas.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Aguascalientes.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Guadalajara.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Colima.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Manzanillo.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Acapulco.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Puebla.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Oaxaca.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Tehuantepec.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Merida.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Campeche.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Belize.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Guatemala.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and San Salvador.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Managua.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and San Jose.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Panama.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Bogota.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Caracas.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Rio de Janeiro.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Buenos Ayres.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Valparaiso.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Lima.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Quito.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Guayaquil.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Callao.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Arica.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Iquique.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Antofagasta.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Coquimbo.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Santiago.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Concepcion.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Temuco.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Valdivia.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Osorno.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Puerto Montt.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Punta Arenas.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Ushuaia.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Rio Grande.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Comodoro Rivadavia.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Bahia Blanca.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Mar del Plata.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Tandil.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Olavarria.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Azul.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Tres Arroyos.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Necochea.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Quequen.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Mar del Sud.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Miramar.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Mar del Plata.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Tandil.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Olavarria.
Two passenger trains each way between
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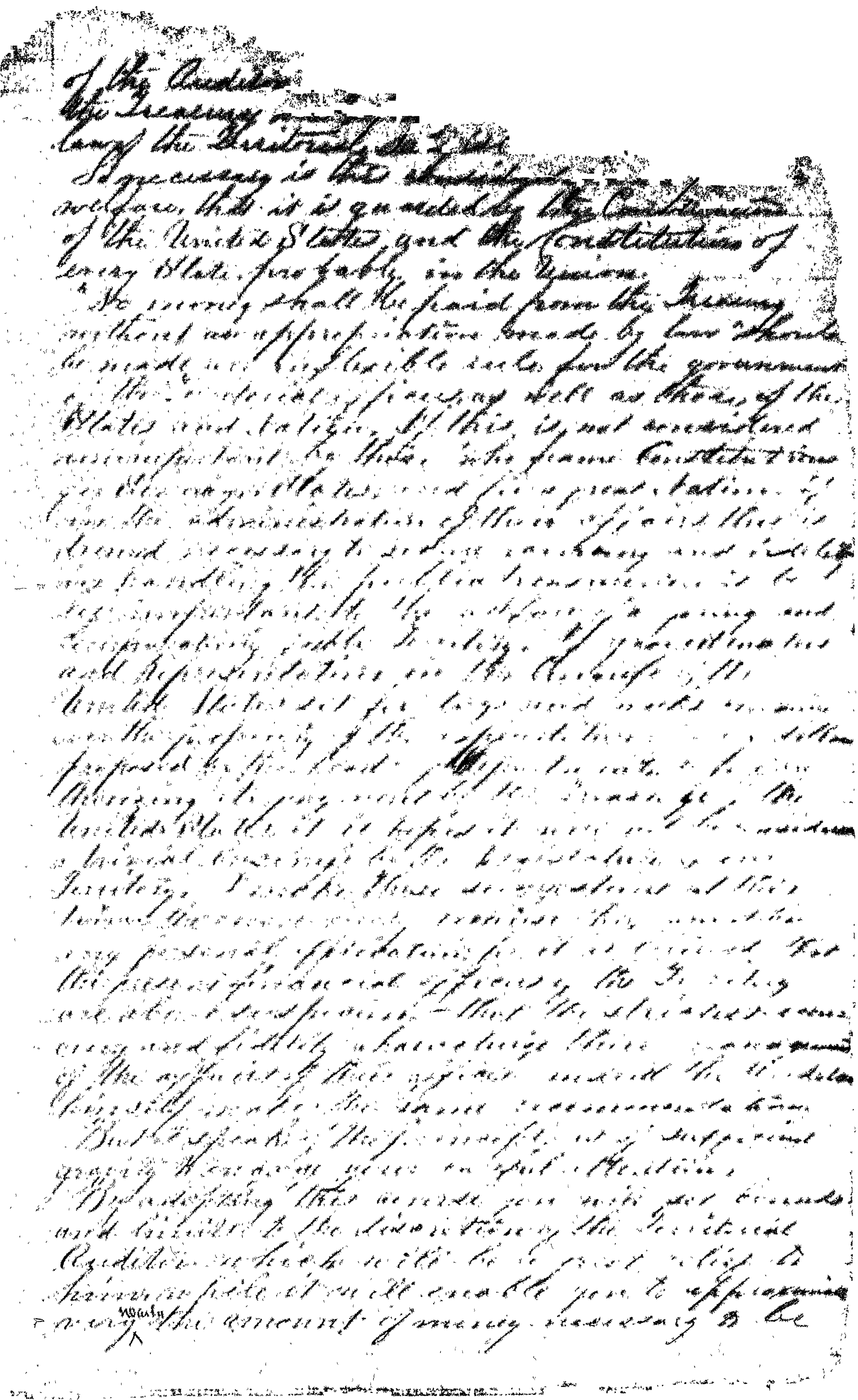
Ogden and Mar del Sud.
Two passenger trains each way between
Ogden and Miramar.

Subject matter.

Finance.

Contracts & Appropriations



Address to the Jews

Penitentiary.

Reward

During the present disturbances
engaged in organized
for the extermination of the people
of one hundred and fifty years
by the authority of the
of the Republic of the United States
and the sacredness of the
to enforce peace and

&c

Dedication to Queen of the Lord.

Original Sin

Quarterly Report

	Treasurer	175.00
	Clerk	175.00
	Auditor's Office	6.40
	Sheriff	1.50
	Tax Collector	6.00
	Tax Treasurer	6.00
	Members of Board	15.00
	Board of School Commissioners,	
	Insurance	50.00
	Legislative Printing, &c. for	
	Auditor's Office	10.00
	Postage Box Rent, &c. for	
	Auditor	15.75
	Repairing Bell	5.00
	Examination of Survey,	5.50
	Advertising for Auditor's Office	1.50
	Treasurer's Office	7.50
	Stationery for Auditor's Office	15.00
	Books for Treasurer's Office	47.00
	Register for Auditor's Office	14.00
	Law and Lawyers for District Office	12.12
	Total	$1411.65

On Account of Public Improvements

A R Fulton	Carrying Election Returns from	
	Beal Counts.	31.00
Silas Hacket	Carrying Election Returns	
	from Franklin County.	16.00
	Total	$25.00

Recapitulation.

Current Expenses account	$ 1411.65
Salaries	2058.42
Office Expenses	54.65
Election Expenses	25.00
Total Warrants drawn	$2969.75

Acct.

F. C. Beach & Co., Ltd.

Hartford, Conn.

Bonds

Bonds issued by N. Y. Nippon
N. S. Paddock
N. C. Henry

$ 44000.00
$ 11000.00
$ 2500.00

Total Bonds issued

$ 57500.00

Bonds cancelled by N. Y. Nippon
" " N. S. Paddock
" " N. C. Henry

$ 44000.00
$ 11000.00
$ 2500.00

Total Bonds cancelled

$ 57500.00

Bonds outstanding

$ 0.00

Certificate of Stock

Certificates issued for Cash
" " " Property
" " " Services
" " " Conversion of Bonds

$ 1000000.00
$ 500000.00
$ 100000.00
$ 57500.00

Total Certificates issued

$ 1657500.00

Certificates cancelled

$ 1657500.00

Certificates outstanding

$ 0.00

27
1/1/98

Total $501964.44

Bal on Municipal Indebtedness.

Amt. Outstanding Real Estate Bonds
" " " Water " " 175.00
" " " Local " " 3554.41

Total Outstanding Real Bonds. $4729.41

By R. C. Parker, Outstanding Bonds cancelled $2274
By N. W. Harris " " " 69.57
By A. P. Welch " " " 5151.66
By A. Turnlye " " " 1609.24
$7664.21

By A. Turnlye Outstanding Real Bonds $2243.31

Total Amount of Outstanding Indebtedness $152117.13

Liabilities not Represented

by Sinking Fund

Outstanding Bonds $3123500
Interest due January 1, 1565, Municipal 7.50
" " July 1, 1565 21.57
" " January 1, 1566 1085.00
on Funded Debt 15.75
$32356.92

Outstanding Warrants $1769.54
Matured Bills on Hand. (Estimated) $150.46 25080.00
Outstanding Certificates 1101.90
Overpayments by Collector, Years of 1560 1435.18

Total Liabilities $60893.00

Statement of Receipts & Disbursements of Special Funds in hands of Comptroller for 1861		1,218
Special Funds in hands of County Treasurer for 1861		57,162.1026
Sinking Fund in hands of County Treasurer for 1861		338.63
Sinking Fund in hands of County Treasurer for 1862		58,262.1654
Amount of Delinquent Taxes for 1859 Special Fund		6,761.00
Balance due from Counties for 1860 Special Fund		716.00
Amount of Delinquent Taxes for 1860 Special Fund		3,160.11
Amount of Delinquent Taxes for 1861 Special Fund		3,374.31
Amount of Sinking Fund Delinquent Taxes for 1861		10,371.11
Amount of Delinquent Sinking Fund Taxes for 1862		11,965.24
Amount of Delinquent Taxes for 1861 Special Fund		2,101.12
Amount of Delinquent Taxes for 1862 Special Fund		1,650.00
Amount of Delinquent Sinking Fund Taxes for 1861		1,752.12
Penalty and Interest on Delinquent Special Fund for 1859		4,163.14
Penalty and Interest on Delinquent Sinking Fund for 1861	3,766.17	
Penalty and Interest on Delinquent Special Fund for 1861	565.17	
Penalty and Interest on Delinquent Special Fund for 1862	356.22	
Penalty and Interest on Delinquent Sinking Fund for 1861	525.25	
Penalty and Interest on Delinquent Sinking Fund for 1862	241.72	

$4182.91
March 1863

Abstract
and Collected
by
Grand County.

Buck Canon.
General Fund.

Balance from 1859		$ 42.52
Balance collected for 1859		$ 42.52
Feby 1, 1860. To amount of Levy for 1860		1.53.65
Oct. 5. 1860. To amount of Liquor and Auctioneers Licenses (Co Commissioners Record).		5.34
Jan. 5, 1861. By amount paid to Treasurer		132.66
Feb 5. 1861. By amount paid to Treasurer		52.42
Interest by Treasurer		55.45
Dec 5, 1861. Refunded to Assessor Licenses Erroneously		
Jan 11, 1862. To amount of Levy for 1862		$163.03
Dec 5. 1862 Interest by Treasurer collected (Co Commissioners Record)		4.94
Dec 22. 1862. By amount paid to Treasurer		$154.11
Jan 11. 1863. By amount paid to Treasurer		19.13
Feb 13. 1863. By amount paid to Treasurer		
Interest by Treasurer		43.57
Feb 21. 1863. By amount paid to Treasurer		
Interest by Treasurer		1.74
Apl 13. 1863. By amount paid to Treasurer		
Interest by Treasurer		16.74
Dec 5. 1863. Refunded amount overpaid by County Treasurer, Balance for 1861.		7.00
		44.34
Jan 4, 1862. To amount of Levy for 1862.	$207.27	
Dec 5. 1863. " " Penalty and interest	7.90	

	[illegible]	
	[illegible]	
	[illegible]	
	[illegible]	$ 66.80
	By amount received by Internal Revenue	
	by M.B. Simpson	6.85
June 12 1861	By amount received by Internal Revenue	
	by M.B. Simpson	1324.68
Dec 5 1861	By amount received by Internal Revenue	
	by M.B. Simpson	419.45
Sept 27 1861	By amount received by Internal Revenue	
	by M.B. Simpson	166.38
March 1862	By amount received by Internal Revenue	
	by U.S. Marshal	161.65
June 16 1862	By amount received by Internal Revenue	
	by U.S. Marshal	79.42
Oct 31 1862	By amount received by Internal Revenue	
	by U.S. Marshal	50.49
	Interest received by U.S. Marshal from Internal Revenue	6.87
	Balance due per Statement	691.97
	[illegible]	[illegible]
	[illegible]	[illegible]
	[illegible]	[illegible]

	By amount Paid Treasurer	$1.85 cr
	By amount Paid Treasurer	19.00
	By amount Paid Treasurer	1.00
Dec. 6. 1863.	By amount Paid Treasurer	13 1.21
	Treasurer by Check	
1863.	By amount Paid Treasurer	4.61
	Treasurer by Check	
	Amount of Collection for the year ending	39.85
	Balance for 1861	39 2.05
Dec. 1862.	To amount of Exp for 1862	39 1.44
Dec. 16. 1863.	By amount Paid Treasurer	83.00
	Treasurer by Check	
Oct. 2 1863.	By amount Paid Treasurer	
	Treasurer by Check	16.35
	Amount Paid for Orders printing	3.35
Oct. 2. 1863.	Amount on hand Cong Treasurer	1.65
	Balance for 1863	31.65
Nov. 1. 1863.	To amount Exp for 1863	20.84.10
	Balance for 1863	20 3.10
Sept. 1 1863.	To amount Exp for 1863	5.15.09
Sept. 1. 1863.	To amount Paid Treasurer	
	Collected & Check	.31
Nov. 13. 1863.	To amount Paid Treasurer	
	Collected & Check	1.37
Nov. 13. 1863.	To amount of Receipts and interest	
	collected by Check by S. H. Mallory	.50
Nov. 13. 1863.	To amount Collection at Church	
	by S. H. Mallory	4.10
Nov. 13. 1863.	By amount Paid Treasurer	
	Treasurer by S. H. Mallory	60.45
Nov. 13. 1862.	By amount Paid Treasurer	
	Treasurer by N. P. McCorkey	17.52

1861 By [illegible]

Nov 29 1861 By [illegible]

Nov 19 1862 By [illegible] Lucas Whitehead

[illegible] & [illegible] A.F.W. Cody

C. [illegible] feld

$31.52

Nov 15 1862 Amos Lugenbeel in Lucas Comp-
Lemuel Pain $12.25 Nov 1862
Total $1237

Nov 12 1862 Lemuel [illegible] $45.18

Nov 13 1862 Lemuel Pelouze and others
[illegible] by A.F.W. Cody $1.58

Nov 15 1862 Lemuel Pelouze and others
[illegible] by A.F.W. Cody $1.12

Nov 15 1862 Lemuel Pelouze and others
[illegible] A.F.W. Cody $12.50

Nov 15 1862 By amount paid Pelouze
Lemuel A.F.W. Cody $6.25

Nov 15 1862 Amount refunded to Cody
County Lemuel
Balance Nov 1862

Nov 1862 Lemuel [illegible] Nov 1862 $53.25

Nov 15 1862 Lemuel [illegible] [illegible]
A.F.W. Cody $.65

Nov 15 1862 Lemuel [illegible] [illegible]
A.F.W. Cody $.65

Nov 15 1862 Lemuel [illegible] [illegible]
A.F.W. Cody $.65

Nov 15 1862 Lemuel refunded to [illegible]
County Lemuel $12.50

Dec 1 1862 Lemuel [illegible] Nov 1862 $42.62
Balance Dec 1862

Lithia Springs Branch

Nov 1862 By amount of Cody Nov 1862 $12.10

Dec 15 1862 By amount of [illegible] $37.26
Nov 1862

			105
			25.35
			14.12
1862 Jan 1	To balance		29.11
May 5. 1863	To balance		4.24

Clay County.

General Fund.

June 11 1861	To amount of Tax for 1861		91.86
May 5. 1863	To additional collected by County Clerk and Treasurer		30.52
May 5. 1863	To amount of Tax for 1862 not collected previously as per Auditor's Abstract		2.58
Oct 4. 1862	By amount paid Treasurer		62.77
Oct 26. 1863	By amount paid Treasurer		1.52
	Balance for 1861		16.37
June 1862.	To amount of Tax for 1862	452.16	
Oct 26. 1863	By amount paid Treasurer		
	Balance		100.7
	Balance for 1862		14.92
May 5 1863	To amount of Tax for 1863	43.68	
	Balance for 1863		43.68

Sinking Funds

June 11 1861	To amount of Tax for 1861		27.91
May 5 1863	To additional By reported by Clerk and Treasurer		1.00
May 5 1863	To amount of Penalty and interest collected by Treasurer		1.10
Oct 4. 1862.	By amount paid Treasurer		25.80

Dec. 24. 1863 By [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] 1862 To [illegible] 61

Dec. 24. 1863 By [illegible] To Balance 62

Balance for 1862

July 1, 1862 To amount of Levy for 1862 1545

Balance for 1862 124

Lenawee County

General Fund.

Dec. 24. 1863 To amount of Levy for 62 $10.61

Balance for 1862 10.61

Sinking Fund.

Dec. 24. 1863 To amount of Levy for 1862 2.22

Balance for 1862 2.22

Berrien County

General Account.

Sept. 24. 1857 To amount of Levy for 1857 $24.72

January 3. 1861 " " Interest on Bank Notes

" Co. Treasurer 2.40

January 3. 1861 By amount paid Bank & Incidental Expenses

by S. H. Kinsdale 32.00

June 24. 1861 By amount paid Bank & Incidental Expenses

by M. Pinkerton 15.20

June 24. 1861 By amount paid Bank & Incidental Expenses

by M. Pinkerton 17.50

March 3. 1862 By amount paid Incidental Expenses

by M. Pinkerton 30.00

Balance for 1857 123.03

July 1. 1860 To one third of Levy for 1860 136.30

Jan. 3. 1861 " amount of penalty and interest collected

by M. Pinkerton 2.00

Balance for 1861 [illegible]

Amount of Levy for 1862 [illegible]

By amount paid Interest on Warrants [illegible]

Balance for 1862 [illegible]

To Amount of Levy for 1862 [illegible]

By amount paid Interest on Warrants [illegible]

Balance for 1863 [illegible]

To Amount of Levy for 1863 [illegible]

Sinking Fund.

To Amount of Levy for 1861 [illegible]

By amount paid Interest on Warrants [illegible]

Balance for 1861 [illegible]

To Amount of Levy for 1862 [illegible]

Capital Fund.

To Amount of Levy for 1861 [illegible]

To Amount of Sundries [illegible]

To [illegible]

Jan 2. 1861 By amt paid Smith Bro & Co

6 Nov 26 1861

Dec 9. 1862

Nov 23 1863

Am paid in compromise of Civil Suit for

Interest paid to 1st Jan 1860

Nov 26 1866 By amount for Interest Account of Bills

Jan 1. 1862

		Balance for 1861
To Amount of Levy for 1862	252 20	
Balance for 1863.		452

Sinking Fund.

To Amount of Levy for 1862	1965	
By amount paid Bridge Account		600
Balance for 1862		365
To Amount of Levy for 1863	162.76	
By amount paid Bridge Account		50 00
Balance for 1863.		117.76
To Amount of Levy for 1864	111.30	

Pinson Township

General Funds

Balance fwd 1859

To 1860 Jan 1 Amount of Cap fwd 1374

21 Oct " Amount Received on Acc. Annuity

5 Dec 1861 Amount Received on Acc. Annuity

Jan 1 " Balance

Jan 1862 By Amount paid on Initial Premium of Policy

Feb 15 "

Mch 24 1861 "

Apr 1 "

Balance fwd

Jan 1862 To Amount of Cap fwd

Apr 1861 " " Reinstatement of Policy

June 11 By Amount paid on Initial Premium of Policy

Apr 1 " " "

Jan 1862 By Amount paid on Initial Premium of Policy

Oct 24 "

June 1862 "

Apr 1 "

Balance fwd 1862

Jan 1862 To Amount of Cap fwd 1862

Apr 1861 " " Reinstatement of Policy

June 11 By Amount paid on Initial Premium of Policy

Apr 1 " " "

Balance fwd 1862

	do	117.23
	Balance by Statement	4142.38
	Balance Jan 1862	30.47
	Amount of Levy for 1862.	182.88
	Balance Jan 1863.	182.88

Sinking Fund

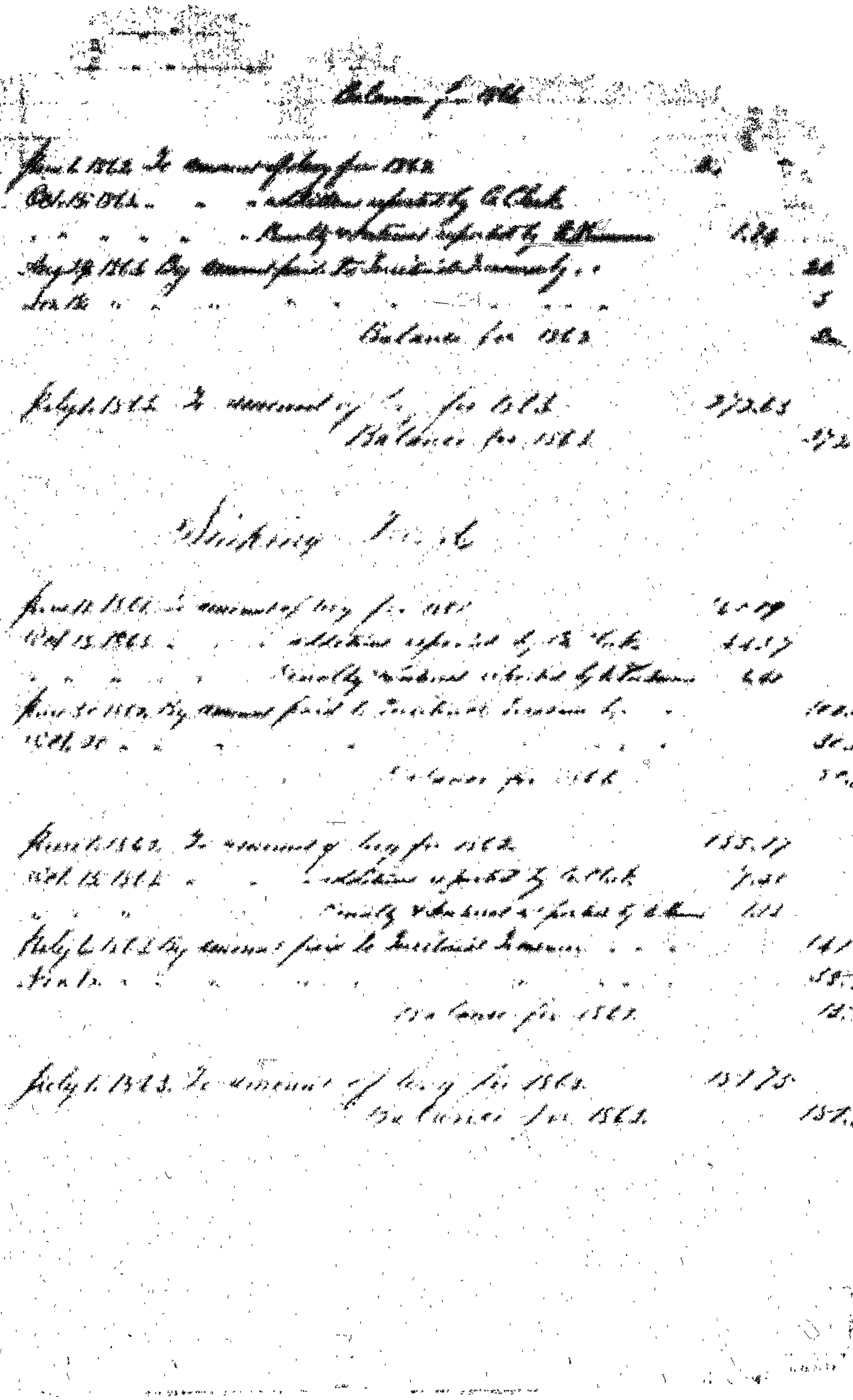
Jan 1862	To Amount of Levy for 1862.	100.00
April 1862.	" Allen Lyon & Co. Clerk	2.13
" "	" Penalty & Interest by E Lemmy	2.00
Oct 1 1862	By amount paid Coupons Funded Debt	87.50
Oct 1 1863.	" " " " "	5.00
	Balance Jan 1864	5.32
June 1862.	To amount of Levy for 1862	1193.00
Oct 1. 1862	By amount paid Coupons Funded Debt	1187.50
	Balance Jan 1863	5.50
July 1 1863	To amount of Levy for 1863	1171.22
	Balance Jan 1864	12.28

Public Grounds Fund

July 1 1862	To amount of Levy for 1862	1171.22
	Balance Jan 1863	12.28

General Fund

July 1 1862	To amount of Levy for 1862	1171.22
	Balance Jan 1863	12.28
July 1 1863	To amount of Levy for 1863	1171.22
	Balance Jan 1864	12.28
July 1 1864	To amount of Levy for 1864	1171.22
	Balance Jan 1865	12.28
July 1



Final Settlement

County

Poor Fund Account

Balance for 1862 38[illegible]

" Interest on County Bonds 1,34

" " Interest on Bonds 1,00

" Sundries Income " 25.00

" Returned from Treasurer " " " 37.00

Balance for 1862 41.05

65.39

" 1863 Interest on County Bonds for 1863 562.50

Balance for 1864 562.50

		$ 21410
		3 16 5 28
	$ 10234	
Penalty & Interest	2.42	
		140.22
	$ 3 6 2 10	
Penalty & Interest	3.00	
		2 5 3 10
		1 1 2 45
		2 3 8 15
		3 4 6 13
		3 0 5
		2 0 6 03
		3 4 6 6 8
		3 10 4 52
		3 4 5 11
		3 2 8 21
		3 4 6 4 12
		3 1 8 4 03
		3 4 3 4 03
		2 7 2 4 25
		26 4 5 25

Disbursements

The Expenses of Collecting Direct Property Taxes	$ 661.65
Indirect Amounts allowed	2 2 19.10
Bills paid on Warrants, Orders, &c.	1735.47
Amount of Collections on Account of Back Charges Unpaid	2 1 1 7
Back Charges in Washington County	4 5 6
Total Disbursements	$ 26 4 5 25

Bill of Stat Reimb.

Bill of collecting revenue during the
Internal Revenue collected
Subject to withholding
Collected on Hand
Coin on hand
Total Disbursements

Amount of Stamps Issued Internal Revenue

Treasury $ 862 & Secondary 31st 862.

27 States & County

Ohio
Kentucky
Indiana
Illinois
Missouri
Kansas
Iowa
Wisconsin
Minnesota
California
Oregon
Nebraska
Colorado
Nevada
Dakota
New Mexico
Utah
Washington
Idaho
Montana
Arizona
Alaska
Indian

$ 1,322.03
1,925.00
15.00
1.33
60.00
1,526.61
339.12
506.24
59.40
150.11
273.50
214.57
346.15

112.61

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

1861 $ 8.00

Loss Interest on Capital Funding 2402

Total Receipts $9782.75

Expenditure

Amount paid Mechanics Corp $ 1123

2622

$3745.25

Amount of Permanent Loan to be Funded with the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States by Warrant of January 11th 1861 $5000.00

Total Amount Funded $5000.00

Redemption

Amount paid for Redemption of Certificates $ 3253.41

" " " " " 3253.41

" " " " " 1131.18

Total Amount Redeemed $7637.75

Receipts in 1862.

By Amount Funded to January 1st 1862. 2253.41

" " " " " 1862. 3253.41

" Interest Funded from Dec. 1st 1861 to Nov. 30th 1862 125.94

" Sinking Fund from Dec. 1st 1861 to Nov. 30th 1862 115.35

" Profit & Loss Fund to Jan. 1st 1863. 97.25

Total Amount of Receipts $ 7637.94

Indefinite Credit

By Cash from Pr. Mail

By Sundry

By after Statement of Total Book

Total amount of Assets and Liabilities

Total amount of Liabilities

Balance of Assets over Liabilities

Public Debt

Statement of Receipts and Expenditures of the Public Debt for the quarter ended March 31st 1894 and for the two years ended March 31st 1894 and 1893 respectively.

Statement of Receipts and Expenditures of the Public Debt for the quarter ended March 31st 1894 and for the two years ended March 31st 1894 and 1893 respectively.

Sinking Fund. $7,413,33.1 Net Surplus $72.95

Net Surplus

Capital Principal Account	$13,307.11
Interest Account	1,602.24
Premium Account	250.59
Sinking Fund	652.01
	$15,425.94
Sinking Fund received on Securities (Principal Account on Territorial Bonds) which	9,415.00

applied as follows:

ried out,

the use of

as it now stands, is defe that it does

Lands not actually occupied at the time by Hi
culators. This class of people, either in person
around the new settlements, and purchase large quantities of la
the Homesteads of actual settlers, and hold them until the labor and
resident owners have enhanced them greatly in value, and this rap
the labor of those whom the law was intended to protect. I therefore recommend
that you memorialize Congress, during the present session, to prohibit the sale of
the Public Lands to any except such as shall make proof that they propose to cultivate
them for the purpose of actual settlement and cultivation.

A GENERAL HOMESTEAD LAW.

Intimately connected with this subject is another, of vast importance to the welfare and prosperity of the people of this Territory, which, in my judgment, has not heretofore received the attention of the people. I refer to the need of
so many of our settlements on account of the supposed deficiency of timber. It is true that timber is not so abundant in many parts of the Territory as it is in many of the Western States, and yet there is more timber in the settled portions of Nebraska, in proportion to area and surface than in some of the most wealthy and powerful States of Europe. But granting all that may be said on the subject of the scarcity of timber, have we no way by which we can hasten, at an early day, the settlement and cultivation of our large and fertile prairies and beautiful valleys? I think we have already found their hard, and are prepared to answer that question in the affirmative. Large areas of land are granted or offered by such a law, while all those who may desire to cultivate their lands without the expense of fencing, could well afford to do so, as a result amply repaying for such work. The experiment of hedging would have the result long since established in many portions of the Territory, and numerous farms would have been found in those more favored localities, which would have yielded a large profit on the investment, by enhancing the value of the land, and affording protection to the growing crops.

This subject is one of great importance, and is intimately connected with the future welfare and prosperity of the people of this Territory, and I commend it to your careful consideration, and I trust you will give it that attention which its importance demands. I can think of no other measure which will have a greater tendency to encourage an early settlement of our Territory, and consequently increase the value of our property, than the passage of a liberal Homestead Law.

IMPROVEMENT OF THE RIVER

During the progress of the present session many changes in the course of the Missouri River have taken place, as a consequence of the high stage of water. Many farms have been washed away, and the channel of the river has been changed in many places. The people of Omaha and Council Bluffs have suffered severely from the encroachments of the river upon the shore. Many thousand dollars have been expended by the citizens of those places in building embankments to protect their property from the encroachments of the river, and in many instances these have proved entirely inadequate to the purpose. The people of Omaha have petitioned Congress for an appropriation to protect the shore in front of the city, and I trust that your honorable body will make such appropriation as will be sufficient for the purpose. The interests involved are of great importance to the people of Omaha and Council Bluffs, and I hope that you will not fail to give the matter your early attention.

[illegible]

[illegible] Congress [illegible] and is now doing [illegible] the [illegible] of the [illegible] and [illegible] of the [illegible] and [illegible] of the [illegible] and

should receive
reap the proceeds of his toil. I have
a good system of Common Schools, so essential to the
the development of the natural resources of our Territory,
of railroads, and bridges, by the encouragement of [illegible]
introduction of improved stock. I have also endeavored to aid
in the work of so managing the financial affairs of the
the [illegible] debt that has so long
[illegible] also and which,
manifest short-
to say that I express my grat
you to the people of the [illegible] for the kind and
I was received and have been uniformly treated by each of you
of the Legislature, and by the people at large.
the labors and duties of the Executive office are onerous, and in some
yet the candid manner in which all my recommendations have been
you and your predecessors, and the generous response by the people of
all demands that I have had to make upon them, has more than
me for all my anxious solicitude and labor.

I would say that I will most cheerfully co-operate with you during
in perfecting such measures as the public safety and welfare may
wisdom during, and expressing the hope that at the conclusion of
your return to your homes, you may receive the approval of an
grateful constituency.

ALVIN SAUNDERS.

has
lots

and the
which
levied against
year after the

make a

I would
the im,
Auditor's
and wh

Among o
Legislature
expenses of
mount of that

AUDITOR'S REPORT.

Office of Territorial Auditor and Superintendent of Public Instruction, }
Omaha, N. T., January, 1861. }

To the Honorable Council and House of Representatives of the Territory of Nebraska:

In accordance with the requirements of law, I have the honor to present my Annual Report to your honorable bodies, and I do so with more pleasure from the fact that I am enabled to show the Territorial finances in a more favorable condition than last year, and the operations of levying collecting the revenue of the Territory is working much more satisfactorily than at any time heretofore, owing to the favorable legislation of last session, and to the better understanding of the revenue laws by the officers who have duties to perform under them.

Statement A, exhibits the accounts allowed and warrants drawn previous to the passage of the appropriation bills, last session. Statement B, exhibits the warrants allowed and warrants drawn since that time. In only one case has it been found necessary to exceed the appropriation, and that was in the purchase of books and blanks required under the revenue system, the appropriation for which was exhausted by $6 22, and which, under the circumstances I considered necessary, after consultation with other officers of the Territory.

In the settlement of the accounts of officers of the Revenue, I have deemed it prudent to avoid conflicts in the accounts, to draw warrants for the fees authorized by law, rather than allow them to create a charge against the officers, and would respectfully request that in your next appropriation bills you provide an account against which the Auditor may draw for the settlement of such accounts.

Statement C, exhibits the condition of the warrants and funded indebtedness of the Territory, by which you will see that indebtedness has been reduced $2,000 00, and if we subtract the funds now in the hands of the Territorial Treasurer, viz: $7,101 77, applicable to redemption of bonds and warrants when presented, we find this indebtedness practically reduced $10,122 23, to which might be added about $4,000 in the hands of the County Treasurers ready to be paid into the Territorial Treasury at their next settlement, which amounts, I would suggest, might be called into the Treasury immediately, so that the Territorial warrants of the Legislature may be paid promptly as per as soon as the appropriations are made.

Statement D, exhibits the liabilities and resources of the Territory. The liabilities are much less than the statement for the reason that I have left out all of the ordinary appropriations, some of which will not probably

[illegible] in
on the [illegible]
pa [illegible] by the [illegible]
included the amo
due from the several [illegible]
the collection of all of which, in my

[illegible] tables showing the abstracts of assessment
1859 to 1864, by which it will be seen that
in the accumulation of material wealth, w
in value from 1859 until last year, the nu
neat cattle, &c., were steadily increasing; a
that the laws be so amended that at the time
year the Assessors be required to ascertain the
and value of the products of our Territory,—
ise in the future.

tion of the accounts between the Terri
there be a law enacted
for the amount of m
he year or within the
and assessment of
over [illegible] If such were the case, we could d
in regard to our Territorial Revenue, and arrange our

rirst proof safe
urge upon the consideration of the Leg
a suitable Fire Proof Safe for the use of the
and vouchers are entirely at
ll damage to the Territory.

STATEMENT FOR ENSUING YEAR.

[illegible] by the Auditor in detail preceding to the
of the appropriations which should be made for the
In addition to the sums mentioned in the state
will be required for the year 1861:

For Salary of [illegible]	[illegible]
" " "	[illegible]
" " Legislative	[illegible]
" " Expenses	[illegible]
" " "	[illegible]
" " " to Department	[illegible]
" Fire Proof Safe for the Auditor's Office	[illegible]
" Records &c and Books and Blanks	[illegible]
" Lather and Post, Constructing [illegible]	[illegible]
" " and Oil	[illegible]
" Furniture Auditor's Office	[illegible]
" Territorial Library	[illegible]
" Journal and Binding	[illegible]
" Preparing laws of second Legislature	[illegible]

LIST OF EXEMPT LANDS FOR ASSESSMENT.

The Revenue Law provides that the Auditor shall procure lists of [illegible]

[illegible], January 7, 1861.

from the several Land Offices. Upon [illegible] application made for
purpose last year, I was unable to comply with the requirements of
the request, and considered it unnecessary to the correct working
probably procured the law under the authority of the Legis
consequence of the [illegible]. There [illegible] in your statute, ex
the law remains as at present, it will be necessary that an appr
made for the [illegible] the [illegible] the Register of the Land
Office, at the [illegible] [illegible] Auditor in order
and also [illegible] of the Legislature to his notice.

AMENDMENTS TO REVENUE LAW.

The [illegible] in the Revenue law render it necessary to
certain sections, as at present [illegible]

Such as to provide that the Assessor shall [illegible] the levy
of the Territorial tax, by [illegible] the rate of taxation on the different
Counties, in [illegible] the Board of Equalization [illegible] that the rate of
taxation has not been changed with reference to the levy by the different
Assessors.

In the case of [illegible] Counties [illegible], the Assessors failed
to return to the County Clerk the value of the [illegible] and [illegible] for
whatever be taken [illegible] [illegible] which taxation is to be levied, and
which valuation by the Assessor can be corrected [illegible] the Board
of Equalization [illegible] the County Clerk is now to [illegible] extension of
[illegible] per cent.

The revenue ought, therefore, to be [illegible] by the Board of
Equalization [illegible] [illegible] that the Assessor be [illegible] to
[illegible] the [illegible] [illegible] the Assessor's [illegible] and the
[illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

I would [illegible] that the County Clerk, instead of [illegible] a tax
[illegible] as at present, be required to make out [illegible] from the
original tax list, [illegible] which [illegible] the hands of
the County Treasurer for collection until the first [illegible] became delin-
quent, then they should be transferred to the Sheriff's [illegible], who should
be required to make a personal demand upon all the residents of his [illegible]
where taxes are unpaid, and if the taxes remain unpaid for one month after
such demand is made, the Sheriff should proceed by [illegible] and sale of
personal property [illegible] the same; and to [illegible] the Sheriff [illegible]
to collect the taxes due for want of personal property on which to levy,
he should after a reasonable time return his list to the County Treasurer
to have the lands upon which taxes remain unpaid offered at public sale. To
compensate the Treasurer [illegible] in addition to the amount of taxes, say
five per cent, might be made, and if the Sheriff is charged the collection by
distress and sale an additional amount, say ten per cent, might be levied.
In this way very nearly all of the taxes could be collected within a reasonable
time after the levy is made.

I would also recommend that the labors of the County Treasurer be light-
ened by doing away with the separate [illegible] of the various [illegible] of
upon the tax [illegible] make; the [illegible] amount of
sum; also, [illegible]

rer ... County Clerk the tracts of land or
g taxes a p if necessary. There is too much labo
t of compensation given to our officers.
would also recommend that instead of two settlements a
rial Treasurer, as now required from certain Counties, that
ount be required; but that the County Treasurer shall
of Territorial funds collected, and shall transmit by express
to the Territorial Treasurer the funds so collected, whenever the
of the Territorial Treasury shall require the funds; and in the al
ation the settlements could all be made by mail, saving to the Territory
much of the amount now paid for mileage.

CENSUS.

An act to apportion and define Councilmen Districts, approved January 29th, 1864, provides for taking the census of the inhabitants of the Territory. I would recommend that at the time this c...sus is taken, the Assessors be required to ascertain

The names of the heads of families;
The number of white males over the age of 21;
" " females " "
" " male children under 21 years;
" " female " "
" colored males over the age of 21;
" " females " "
" " male children under the age of 21;
" " female " "
entitled to vote,
of log dwelling houses and value,
" frame " "
" brick or stone dwelling houses and value,
and denomination of churches and value,
of log school houses and value,
" frame " "
" brick or stone school houses and value,
scholars in attendance on school,
blind, deaf, dumb and insane,
acres of land under cultivation,
" " planted with corn,
acres of sorghum raised,
gallons of sorghum manufactured,
pounds of sugar
head of live stock,
acres of land in each tax district not organized,
bushels of wheat and value
" oats "
" corn "
" buckwheat "
" barley "
" rye "

a the above I have not
that the appropriation was
is more important that the
to maintain the system of
and school system, and they
it is important that the Territory s
required for the use of such officers, b
thereby, and also on the score of
tities from 25 to 40 per cent. of the cost on
I deem it proper to say, however, that
contract bids were received from other
cities of Pittsburgh and New York, but at
to $900 00 above the prices at which the

for
all
that
to the p
to the ... of the
Manufacturers in the
a bid of from $700 00

SCHOOL DEPARTMENT.

Not having been able to get in, up to this time, full statistics for the year relative to our School system, I am unable to present a detailed report of its present condition, and will only remark that, in my opinion, a simplification of our School law is demanded, and a reduction of the number of officers required by it. But whatever changes or amendments are made, the improvement for the practical working of the system that a uniform series of blanks, and enough of them, should be furnished by the Territorial Superintendent, and School officers should be required to use them. We have never had on hand reports of during the year 1863, which blanks were furnished upon which to make them.

I would call the Legislature to one duties, and that is the manner of making the appointment of the Territorial School Agent. Let the County Treasurer be required to pay the funds collected into the Territorial Treasury, and then let the Treasurer apportion the amount by the basis, the number of the present system it is impossible to ascertain the amount of funds collected, and in some instances the amounts collected in the Counties are not reported; and yet if the same Counties have made a report of the number of youth, they will have Data other Counties that the report their collections. A report made of the Counties, the years up to 1863, to the Counties, would be appropriate all of the Territorial School funds, including all Territorial School funds collected for 1863 and thereafter, to be paid to the Territorial Treasurer, and then of any County fail to make their School report, or to report their collections of funds, after an apportionment to be made to them.

SCHOOL LAWS.

the
of lands, and tax, when u
one year. I have had numerous appl
could I have a general law under which the
ed, I have no doubt that several thousand dol-
from that source.

OR DEPARTMENT.

with the requirements of "An Act in Relation to I
15th, 1864, the following Fire Insurance
e statements of their condition, and have
to transact business of Insurance until Feb
to-wit:

Home Insurance Company, of Hartford, Conn
paid up
capital and surplus

agents.

Kountze, Omaha, N. T. James Sweet, Nebraska City, N. T.

Home Insurance Company, of New York City, N. Y.
paid up
capital and surplus

agents.

B. Kountze, Omaha, N. T. M. K. Hawes, Nebraska City, N. T.

Phoenix Insurance Company, of Hartford, Conn.
paid up
paid up

agents.

Omaha, N. T. H. H. Wheeler, Plattsmouth, N. T.
ty, Nebraska City, N. T. Daniel E. Sapp, Brownville, N. T.

Fire Insurance Company, of Hartford, Conn.
paid up
paid up

agents.

B. Kountze, Omaha, N. T. John H. Kinney, Nebraska City, N. T.
H. H. Wheeler, Plattsmouth, N. T. John L. Carson, Brownville, N. T.

Manhattan Fire Insurance Company, of New York.
Capital paid up
Total Capital and surplus

agents.

Kountze, Millard & Co., Omaha, N. T.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 7, 1865.

Fire Insurance Company of New York, N. Y.
Capital paid up

agents.

Kountze, Millard & Co., Omaha, N. T. J. H. Kinney, Nebraska City, N. T.

Home Fire Insurance Company, of Hartford, Conn.
Capital paid up
Total capital and surplus

agents.

Kountze, Millard & Co., Omaha, N. T.

Section 12 of the act relative to Insurance Companies provides that

"If any insurance company, mentioned in the foregoing section, or their agent or agents, having filed in the office of the Auditor of this Territory, a statement, as required by the provisions thereof, shall have on deposit in any other State or Territory, or elsewhere than in this Territory, any portion of the capital or assets of such company, as a guarantee fund for the exclusive benefit of persons insured in such State or Territory, or other place, it shall be the duty of the Auditor of the Territory to withhold from such body or individual in any such portion of their capital or premiums, the taxes and fees required in this act provided for, until such body or individual shall file in the Auditor of this Territory a statement duly verified by the oath or affirmation of the President or Secretary of such incorporated company, or of one of the members of such incorporated company, partnership or firm, or of such individual showing the amount of premiums received in this Territory by [by] such company during the year ending on the first of January next preceding the filing of said statement, and shall deposit in this Territory, in such manner as the Auditor shall direct, five per cent of the sum so received, to be held by the Auditor for the exclusive benefit of the persons insured in this Territory by such company, and subject to the payment of any judgment rendered against such company by any court of competent jurisdiction in this Territory."

This section shall not apply to any of the aforesaid bodies or individuals who have made no such deposits as in this section mentioned, elsewhere than in this Territory."

But does not provide any mode by which the Auditor may ascertain whether or not such Insurance Companies have any deposit for the exclusive benefit of the insured in any State. I would suggest that the law be so amended as to require the companies or individuals doing business in this Territory to show in their annual statement whether they have any such special deposits or not.

I would also suggest that the Auditor be authorized to make a brief abstract of the insurance statements filed with him, for publication, instead of requiring the companies to advertise their full statement, the average cost of which to each company is at the regular advertising rates over fifty dollars in the county in which the company may be doing business. All of which is upon our own citizens, for the reason that the companies add so much to their premiums.

I would also suggest that the Auditor be required to furnish to the several Insurance Companies the necessary blanks on which to make their annual reports, as in other States having laws regulating the business of Insurance.

I would further recommend that, instead of the present system of levying and collecting taxes upon Insurance Companies as provided for in the laws, the [illegible] of the companies doing [illegible] in [illegible]

ed be required to include in their annual statement a certificate amount of premiums collected by their several agents in the ng the previous year, and be required to pay direct to the T manner a tax of two per cent. upon the amount of pre of all other taxes, Territorial and County, out of which mine expenses of furnishing blanks and advertising abstracts ments.

TERRITORIAL LIBRARY.

In consequence of the inadequate salary allowed to the Au been unable during the past year to give much personal at Territorial Library, and therefore appointed Rufus Knox, Librarian, whose report will accompany this; and I would re quest the Legislature to separate the two offices, as the duties require one's whole time at the Capital [illegible] and also that a greater compensation must be provided than [illegible] tor for all the duties required of [illegible] pay for his bread and butter at the present [illegible] prices of all required to sustain life, to say nothing of [illegible]

REMARKS BY COUNTY CLERKS RELATIVE TO OUR REVENUE &c.

"I do not know that I could improve our Revenue and Sch make them any better."

E. B. WILLIAMS, Clerk Burt.

"It is believed that the Revenue [illegible] work smoothly, in most of talk; it however goes on the presumption that all R. Est lands will be each year, and fails to say what shall be done about advertising land this should be amended, but in all the change they power to us.

E. H. ROGERS, Clerk Dodge Co

"It is certainly advisable that some Territorial Officer (and the Auditor is the proper one) furnish to the different counties, all the books and bl required under our Revenue and School System. The Territory has fur school these blanks heretofore and it would be a very strange proceeding to require each county to furnish its own. Under such a system, uniformity would be out of the question, and the cost of the books and blanks would largely increased.

"The Revenue Law passed at the last session of the Legislature, work well in this county. I believe it to be the general opinion, among those who have become acquainted with its details, that it is the best system that could be adopted for this Territory; it may need some little amendment, but I am clearly of opinion that any radical change in it would be bad policy."

BYRON REED, Clerk Douglas Co.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 7, 1865.

"I think all the blanks and blank books for the use of the School and Revenue, should be furnished by the Territory, in order to secure uniformity and despatch in the transaction of business. Also it will be economical, as the quantity each county will need is so small, that printers will charge extortionate prices, whereas, the whole amount for the Ter would be had at low figures and be a great saving to all.

JACOB DAVIS, Clerk Lancaster Co.

"As you requested, I will state in my opinion the following changes necessary in our Revenue and School Laws, that the County Treasurer be required to do all the business of Township Treasurer, and that all allowances made by the Board of Educations for teacher's wages, text books, stationery and all other expenditures, shall be certified by the Board of Education to the County Clerk, who shall draw an order on the County Treasurer for such allowance, for the following reasons. It will save the expenses incurred in County Treasurer's office will be no more trouble to the County Treasurer to pay the party to whom the allowance was made, than it will be to pay to the Township Treasurer, it will dispense with all the trouble and perplexities of making settlements with Township Treasurers, it will save the expense allowed them for making their settlements, it would secure correct statements of the receipts and expenditures of each Township, as it now is impossible to get correct statements. One half of the Treasurers cannot keep a correct statement of the monies received and paid out by them. When they come to make settlement with the County Treasurer, they bring with them a few vouchers and dairy orders, without any account of the monies received by them, or what it was expended for. Their settlements are never made in time. If the allowances made by the Board of Education was not in proper shape to warrant the issuing of an order by the County Clerk, he could ignore it, and give instructions as to what he may. The greatest objection to our school law is, that too many officers are required to execute it. This would make one less, and dispense with much care and trouble to the County Clerk and Treasurer.

"I suggest that so much of Sec. 12 of the Revenue law as passed last winter, requiring the affidavit of Supervisors attached to their certificates of precepts be repealed, for the following reason. That when the Supervisor enters on the duties of his office, he is required to take an oath to faithfully discharge his duties. The law fixes the number of hours required for a day's labor, which under his oath he is bound to have the highest performs. If the Supervisor swears falsely in the first case, he will also in the other. The officer before whom the Supervisor takes such oath or affidavit, is entitled to a fee of fifteen cents and five cents revenue stamp is required, [illegible] counties a large per centage of the road fund. The whole matter is superfluous, and the law should be repealed.

"I would suggest that a more liberal allowance be made to County Clerks. They are allowed but two dollars per day for making out tax list and duplicate when it is impossible to get a person competent to do such work for less than four dollars. The salary allowed, (not to exceed three hundred dollars per annum) will do for the back counties where little business is done, but for the counties bordering on the river, the amount is not sufficient, unless a greater allowance is made for making tax list &c., &c."

WILLIAM H. HOOVER, Clerk Nemaha Co.

" am of the opinion that the furnishing
establishing a uniform system throughout the Territo
in the management of our revenue.

J. L. EDWARDS, Deputy Clerk, Pawnee Co.

" As to any changes in laws, I have no suggestions to make, except th
ink it better that officers should be able to learn their duty under the law
e they are, than to be making changes, and to take effect from and after
passage, when we do not have the laws distributed, until the Legislature
is about to meet and make more changes.

WM. E. WATSON, Deputy Clerk, Sarpy Co.

" I have no changes to recommend in the Revenue or School Law. I think
the more attempts there are made to better the system, the farther they get
from it.

" I think it better that the Territory furnish all blanks and books for
carrying out the revenue system.

A. CASTETTER, Clerk, Washington Co.

" There are several points in our Revenue Law, which I think require re
vision and change, in order to render the working of said law harmonious,
and just.

1 The road tax on lands, collected as it is hours assessed upon the tax
payers. One man may own a farm worth $10,000, and another, one worth
$1000, yet if each owns the same number of acres, both pay the same amount
of tax. I think this section should be changed so as to require a certain
number of days' labor for road purposes—and only one half, but on
all property. This would prove a great deal more practical and just, I think,
to hand in this report.

2 I think that the tax list could be improved by the addition of two
three columns for dollars and cents for persons owning real property and
Treasurer's work.

3. I think the performance of the duties and Treasurer's work would
have required more than twenty days, under the new system, as the
first time required to do twenty days work in the Treasurer's office,
while the law provided for that number. Would it not be expedient
to have more time, and if more time is required, to be paid for
Treasurer's fees?

4 The time allowed for collection of taxes, I think to be too
[illegible] I think it would be well that we the collectors
[illegible] the first Monday in [illegible] commencement that collectors
be made until [illegible] and the last required by the Treasurer
[illegible] by the [illegible] I think the law as it is, or would be expedient
[illegible] the law as it is, or would be expedient to the
[illegible] the [illegible] I [illegible] the [illegible]
[illegible] the [illegible] I [illegible] the [illegible]
[illegible] the [illegible] I [illegible] the [illegible]

SATURDAY, JANUARY 7, 1865.

STATEMENT D.

Receipts and Liabilities

LIABILITIES

Outstanding Warrants		$17,715 36
Interest due on Warrants, estimated		1,000 00
		$18,715 36
Outstanding Certificates		1,181 90
Outstanding Scrip		1,000 00
Due W. C. [illegible], balance of salary		166 66
Due W. H. Berry,		124 12
Due W. H. Berry,		200 00
Due A. [illegible],		200 00
Due W. H. [illegible],		112 50
Due [illegible],		100 00
Due E. [illegible],		7 00
Due W. [illegible],		2 00
Due W. [illegible],		11 00
Due C. [illegible],		5 00
Due E. [illegible],		5 00
Due E. E. [illegible],		5 00
Appropriation for [illegible]	200 00	
do. Express [illegible] and postage on Books for Library	100 00	
do. [illegible]	25 00	
Balance of appropriation for [illegible] do. for Library	17 00	
do. [illegible] Governor's Public-		
[illegible] and for Armory expenses		
Balance of appropriation for [illegible] do. for Armory		
do. [illegible] for Treasurer's [illegible]		
Total Liabilities		$19,847
Total Liabilities and Contingent Indebtedness		$19,847

RESOURCES.

Orders on appropriation for Revenue books and blanks		$66 [illegible]
General Fund cash on hand in Treasury	$[illegible]	
Sinking Fund do.	2,000 12	
Total cash on hand in Treasury		2,123 36
Due from Counties for moneys appropriated for Pensions and expenses		
Lucy A. McCormick	$112 50	
Chas. Clayton	200 00	
Lucy A. Reed	1000 00	
W. Lemmon	200 00	
P. G. Sanders	200 00	
John Buckley	100 00	
Robert Hanckel	100 00	2,012 50
In hands of County Treasurers, and delinquent taxes		
General Fund for 1860	$1,000 31	
do. 1861	200 00	
do. 1862	2,000 00	
do. 1863	2,000 00	
do. 1864	2,000 00	
Tax levy, General Fund for final	12,000 00	
Total General Fund		19,200 31
In hands of County Treasurers, and delinquent taxes		
Sinking Fund for 1861	2,000 00	
do. 1862	1,000 00	
do. 1863	2,000 00	
Tax levy, Sinking Fund for 1864	2,000 00	
Total Sinking Fund		14,000 00
Penalty and interest on delinquent taxes.		
General Fund for 1860, estimated	1,000 00	
do. 1860	40 00	
do. 1861	1,000 00	
do. 1862	400 00	
do. 1863	800 00	
Total Penalty and Interest due on General Fund		3,240 00
Penalty and Interest on delinquent taxes.		
Sinking Fund for 1861	700 00	
do. 1862	245 84	
do. 1863	200 00	
Total Penalty and Interest due on Sinking Fund		1,145 84
Total Resources		$[illegible] 14
Deduct Liabilities		58,269 14
Excess of Resources over Liabilities		$4,193 66

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SATURDAY, JANUARY 7, 1865.

RECAPITULATION

Amounts allowed and Warrants issued from February 14th, 1861, to December 14th, 1864:

Pay of Soldiers	$2,364 00	
Subsistence expenses	1,512 00	
Quartermaster's department	200 00	
Armory expenses	200 00	
Special appropriations	1,321 00	
Express and postage	101 35	
Clothing	10 00	
Books and Blanks	1,000 00	
Interest on General Fund Warrants	800 00	
Interest on Sinking Fund Warrants	710 00	
		$8,218 35
Total warrants drawn as shown last report		10,000 00

STATEMENT C.

WARRANTS AND CERTIFICATES INDEBTEDNESS.

Bonds outstanding December 1st, 1863	$[illegible] 00	
Bonds redeemed at Treasury	2,734 00	
Total Bonds outstanding December 14th, 1864		$[illegible] 00
Warrants outstanding December 1st, 1863	$[illegible] 41	
Issued from December 1st, 1863, to February 14th, 1864	1,201 31	
Issued from February 14th, 1864, to December 14th, 1864	[illegible] 07	$[illegible] 38
Redeemed from General Fund of Treasury	$[illegible] 20	
do. Sinking do.	800 00	
do. School do.	240 00	2,736 20
Total Warrants outstanding December 14th, 1864		$17,213 36
Certificates outstanding December 1st, 1863	$1,181 90	
Certificates redeemed at Treasury	170 00	
Total Certificates outstanding December 14th, 1864		$981 01
Principal of Warrant and Funded Indebtedness Reduced:		
[illegible]	$2,275 00	
[illegible]	666 18	
[illegible]	170 00	$3,603 [illegible]

Valuation of Town Lots and Amount Returned as Taxable in Cities or Town Companies.

Names of Counties.	1849.	1850.	1851.	1852.	1853.	1854.	1855.	1856.	1857.	1858.	1859.	1860.
Burt												
Clay												
Cedar												
Clay												
Cuming												
Dakota												
Dixon												
Dodge												
Douglas												
Gage												
Johnson												
Jones												
Kearney												
Lancaster												
Memaha												
Otoe												
Pawnee												
Platte												
Richardson												
Sarpy												
Washington												
Total												

Number of Town Lots

Names of Counties	1850.		1851.		1852.		1853.		1854.		1855.		1856.		1857.		1858.		1859.		1860.	
	Number	Value	Number	Value	Number	Value	Number	Value	Number	Value	Number	Value	Number	Value	Number	Value	Number	Value	Number	Value	Number	Value
Burt																						
Clay																						
Cedar																						
Clay																						
Cuming																						
Dakota																						
Dixon																						
Dodge																						
Douglas																						
Gage																						
Johnson																						
Jones																						
Kearney																						
Lancaster																						
Memaha																						
Otoe																						
Pawnee																						
Platte																						
Richardson																						
Sarpy																						
Washington																						

Names of Counties	1840.	1841.	1842.	1843.	1844.	1845.	1846.	1847.	1848.	1849.
Burt										
Cass										
Cedar										
Clay										
Cuming										
Dakota										
Dixon										
Dodge										
Douglas										
Hall										
Johnson										
Jones										
Kearney										
Lancaster										
Nemaha										
Otoe										
Pawnee										
Platte										
Richardson										
Saunders										
Washington										
Total										

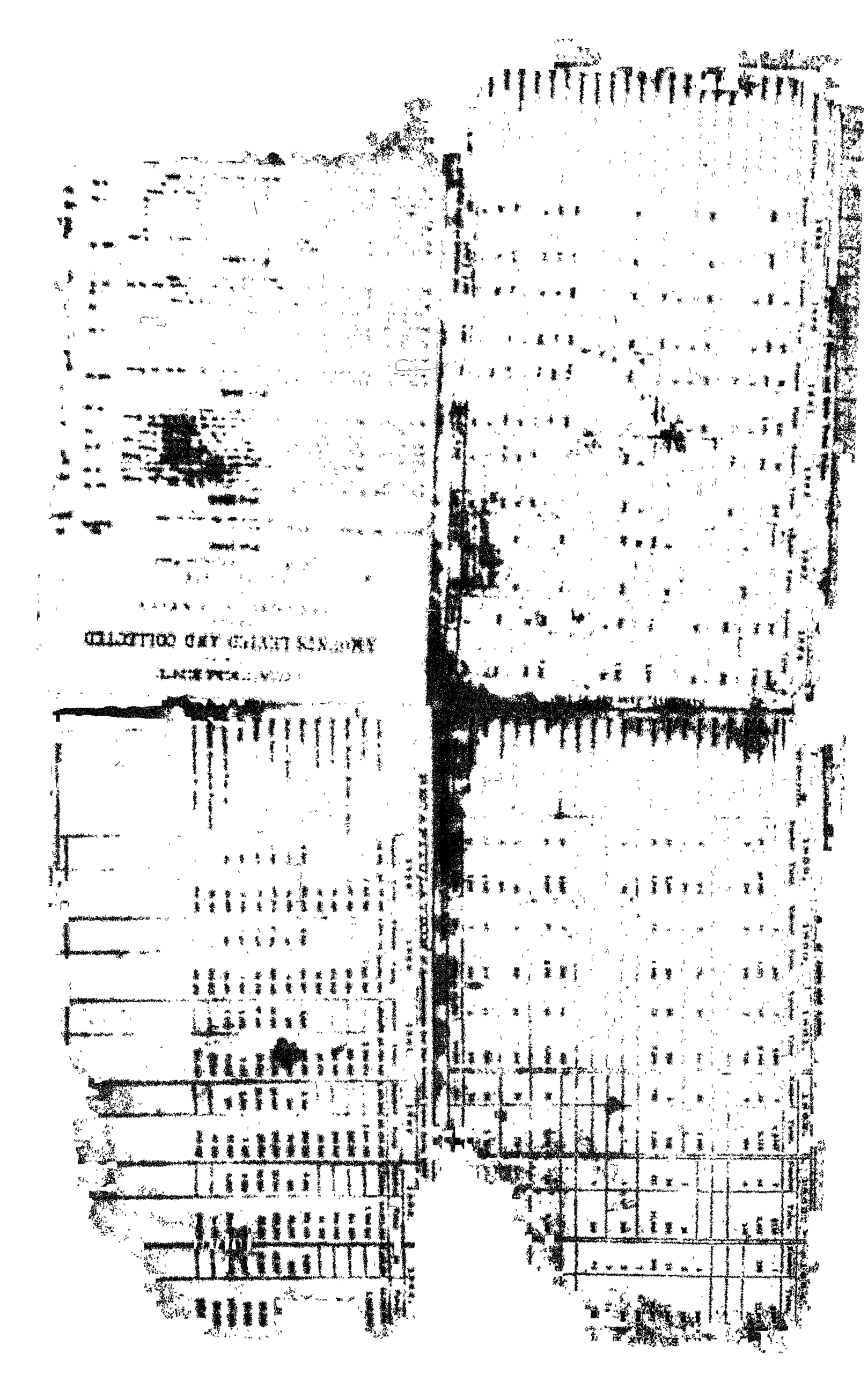
Value of Farms, and their Annual Value.

Names of Counties	1840.		1841.		1842.		1843.		1844.	
Burt										
Cass										
Cedar										
Clay										
Cuming										
Dakota										
Dixon										
Dodge										
Douglas										
Hall										
Johnson										
Jones										
Kearney										
Lancaster										
Nemaha										
Otoe										
Pawnee										
Platte										
Richardson										
Saunders										
Washington										
Total										

* Value of Farms not known this year in precinct 1 set.

Value of Tonnage, Household Furniture, and all other P

Names of Counties	Household Furniture.						1848.	1849.	1850.	1851.
	1840.	1841.	1842.	1843.	1844.	1845.				
Burt										
Cass										
Cedar										
Clay										
Cuming										
Dakota										
Dixon										
Dodge										
Douglas										
Hall										
Johnson										
Jones										
Kearney										
Lancaster										
Nemaha										
Otoe										
Pawnee										
Platte										
Richardson										
Saunders										
Washington										
Total										



CEDAR COUNTY.

In Account with General Fund.

For 1864.

CASS COUNTY.

In Account with General Fund.

For 1860.

CLAY COUNTY.

In Account with General Fund.

For 1862.

CUMING COUNTY.

In Account with General Fund.

For 1863.

June 1, 1861.	To amount of tax levy for 1861	10 61	
Feb. 11, 1863.	By am't paid to Levi Travis by Jno. C. Kinahan, county treas.,		5 71
	military tax levy		1 9

DOUGLAS COUNTY.

In Account with General Fund.

For 1870.

June 1, 1870.	To amount of tax levy for 1869			4,218	10
July 7, 1870.	By amount paid to territorial treas. by L. G. Hamilton on. treas.				277
Aug 14, do	do do do do				275 60
Sept 19, do	do do do J D M Thompson dep. do.				
	1869				

GAGE COUNTY.

In Account with General Fund.

For 1860.

For 1861.

For 1862.

For 1863.

For 1864.

For 1865.

For 1866.

For 1867.

For 1868.

For 1869.

For 1870.

For 1871.

May 31, 1841. To amount of tax levy for 1841.

PLATTE COUNTY.

In Account with General Fund.

For 1880.

For 1881.

For 1882.

For 1883.

For 1884.

Auditor's Office, January 1, 1885.

PAWNEE COUNTY.

In Account with General Fund.

For 1880.

For 1881.

For 1882.

For 1883.

For 1884.

RICHARDSON COUNTY.

In Account with General Fund.

For 1880.

For 1881.

For 1882.

For 1883.

For 1884.

Fox 1861.

Fox 1862.

Fox 1863.

Fox 1864.

Fox 1865.

Fox 1866.

Fox 1867.

Fox 1868.

Fox 1869.

URER'S REPORT.

OFFICE OF TERRITORIAL TREASURER,
OTTAWA, N. T., December, 1861.

To the Council and House of Representatives of the Territory of Ka-

...ance with the requirements of law, I have the honor to present my ...
... the transactions of the Territorial Treasury from the 1st of ...
... December 15th, 1860 ...
... for Payment for the suppression of Territorial Bonds, by ...
... the Act to amend the Act relating to the Indebtedness ...
... 1861," and on the 15th of February appointed ...
... ...ssioners to the Issue of Bonds, and ...
... ...Bonds, at a discount of $647 81, ...
... ...for the redemption of Bonds (1859) ...
... ...the amount accumulated there in that ...
... ...to redeem the sum of $5,000 00, appli-

...ld that law be so amended that ...
... by the surrender of the Bonds, ...
... ...to subscribe the balance in ...
... ...Warrants. In this way, ...
... ...more rapidly extinguished, as I ...
... ...ble to the Treasury when we have ...
... ...to pay annual interest ...
... ...should be so amended as to relieve the ...
... ...being 5 per cents, for ...
... ...that ...
... ...of ...

(See Territorial) Five cents ...
... ...County, in ...
... ...the County ...
... ...of tax) one cent ...

...ncipal ...
... ...Territorial ...
... ...Territory—for Interest in Otoe County, in ...
... ...ck to arise upon the taxable ...
... ...still, instead of ...
... ...Other Counties ...
... ...have failed to pay ...
... ...which amounts should be ...
made up by special taxes upon the ...

The following statements show the ... Clothing, and School Fun...
received and disbursed during the year:

General Fund ...

Cash on hand, December 1st, 1860		$86 39
Received from Otoe county		3851 66
do. Clay county		1,345 71
do. Cedar county		42 46
do. Cuming county		20 73
do. Dakota county		363 91
do. Dixon county		14 19
do. Dodge county		191 84
do. Douglas county		1,289 93
do. Gage county		17 66
do. Johnson county		267 25
do. Nemaha county		1,778 65
do. Otoe county		1,300 13
do. Pawnee county		827 13
do. Platte county		341 01
do. Richardson county		914 88
do. Saline county		1000 00
do. Washington county		266 72
Total General Fund Receipts		$15,205 96

General Fund—Disbursements:

For collecting General Fund Revenue	$570 15
For redemption of Territorial Bonds	4,647 81
do. Clothing	175 00
For Interest on Warrants redeemed	364 61
Total General Fund Disbursements	
Balance, Cash on hand December 15th, 1861	

...

...

...

SATURDA

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1 to 7, Johnson's [illegible] ary
evised Statutes, 2d [illegible] from
1859 inclusive, 1 vol. Tax Laws;
[illegible] Public Instruction; General Index, 1
ure; Code of Criminal Procedure, 1 vol.
the Commissioners on Practice and Pl
ement to the Code Procedure; Supplement
cedure; vols. 1 to 10 inclusive, Colonia
; 11 copies 71st Report Regents University; 1
iversity; 1 copy 72d Report Regents University
bly, 1857 to 1859; Report of Trustees State Lib
's Cases, 1 to 3, Cames Reports, 1, 2, 3, Barbour
Criminal Reports, 2 vols; Laws of 1861, Journals
self from 1691 to 1748; 13th, 14th, 74th, Annual
nual Report State Library.
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ournal 1861, Senate
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eport, State Library
the State of New Y

Vols. [illegible] 12 inclusive, Indiana Reports, 1 to
Digest of Reports, 2 to 6, Iowa Law Reports,
1 to 7 Inclusive, Including Equity, 1 Rhode
Revised Code of 1857; Laws of 1858, 1859.

Unbound, since report of Dec 21, 1861—Laws of 1861.

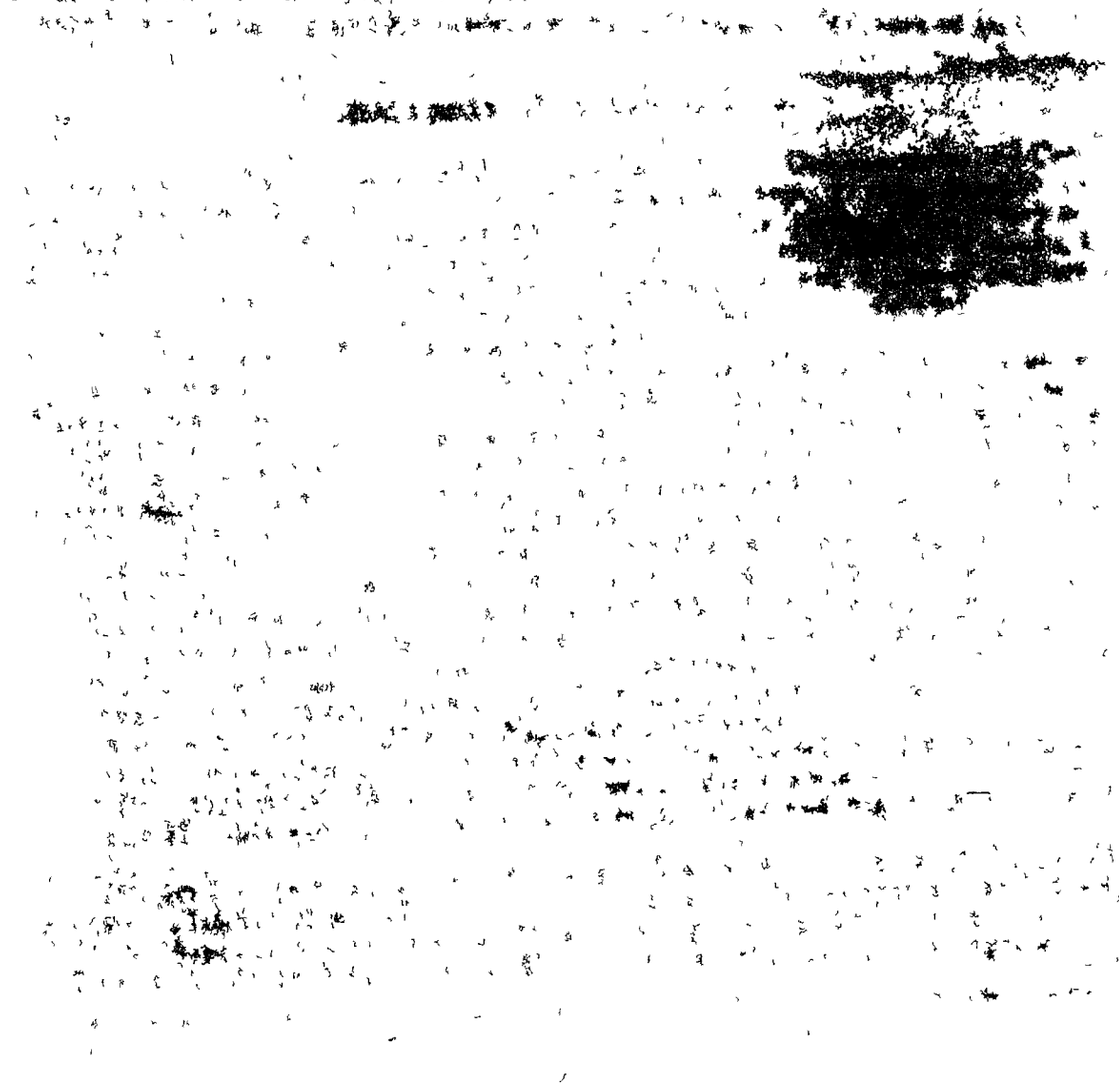
Vols. 1 to 3 inclusive, Hammond's Revised Reports; 1 to 5 Inclusive, [illegible]
Special State Reports; 1 Supreme Court Reports; 1 Francs' Maryland Reports;
Ellis & [illegible] Queen's Bench Reports; Duplicate copies Ohio School Laws of Ohio,
1856; Vol. 1, Iowa Reports; Laws of [illegible] Vols. 9, 10, 11, Ohio State Reports;
Revised Statutes, 1st.

Revised, since report of Dec 21, 1861—Laws of [illegible]
Journals [illegible]
Reports of Judge Story, Circuit Court
Reports of Judge [illegible]
Statutes of Illinois, Revised Statutes, 1st

Laws of 1861, Message of Governor and Documents, 1861
Journals of 1861

Revised, since report of Dec 21, 1861—Laws of
Governor's Message

Vols. 1, 2, 3, 4, Dallas Reports, 1, 2, Reports of Law [illegible]
Reports, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6



Secretary

By the, &c.

J. J. Attwood,
Secretary.

[illegible]

Now Therefore

Know Ye

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

to my knowledge
County Nebraska
that last said
has been indicted
said county and that the
said murder when last
Session

A. B. Taylor Sheriff
By F. P. Ellis Deputy

Prosecuting Attorney in and for said county
that the above named Peter Stein has
been found guilty of the County for the murder
of Thomas Hicks.

F. L. Sprague
Pro. Atty. for Saw Co.

Seal Issued.

Executive Office
Omaha Nebr. April 18th 1867

I have come to the knowledge of this department that one
Peter Stein under sentence of death in the County of
Saunders & State of Nebraska for the murder of one Thomas
Hicks on or about the 1st day of August
1866 and that for said crime of murder
and prior thereto he was a citizen
of said Saunders County. And
whereas I have held my hand until the
2nd day of July 1867 by an act of the Territorial
Legislature approved February 15th 1867, Entitled an act
to abolish the punishment of death in the Territory of Nebraska
and for other purposes therein Expressed
and whereas Sentence of the Supreme
Court of said Saw County
was pronounced
and

I, Geo. Saunders,

[redacted]

[redacted]

[redacted]

HOMESTEAD LAW.

[illegible] your attention [illegible]

[illegible] the soil, [illegible]

[illegible] expense of [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] ...

[illegible] ...

[illegible] ...

14

sojourn at the Capital; and, in the conclusion of our arduous labors, safe return to your respective homes.

ALVIN SAUNDERS.

AUDITOR'S REPORT.

Statement "D" exhibits the amount of warrants drawn for the payment of expenses connected with the removal of the Territory, as reported by the Governor.

Statement "E" exhibits the amount expended on account of an appropriation, made at the last session, of one thousand dollars, to pay certain militia expenses, as reported by Hon. A. S. Paddock, Acting Governor.

[illegible] DEPARTMENT

[illegible] DARVEY,
[illegible] School Commissioner.

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

Hon. W. H. Hoyt,

Sir:—The following notes have been put into my hands by the Superintendent of the Hospital for the Insane, with the request that the total amounts of the Treasurer's vouchers be given:

Peter J. Hoyt	[illegible]
Oliver A. Baker	[illegible]
Charles Appleton	[illegible]
Mrs. Dunbar	[illegible]
Lucinda M. Rogers	[illegible]

I have also paid to the Superintendent of the Hospital for Insane of Iowa, for board, &c., to July 1st, 1856 [illegible]
And also for quarter ending 1st October, 1856 [illegible]

I would remark that the great disparity of cost in sending the patients to the Hospital grows principally out of the fact that in some instances guards are required to accompany them.

STATEMENT C. CIRCUIT COURT

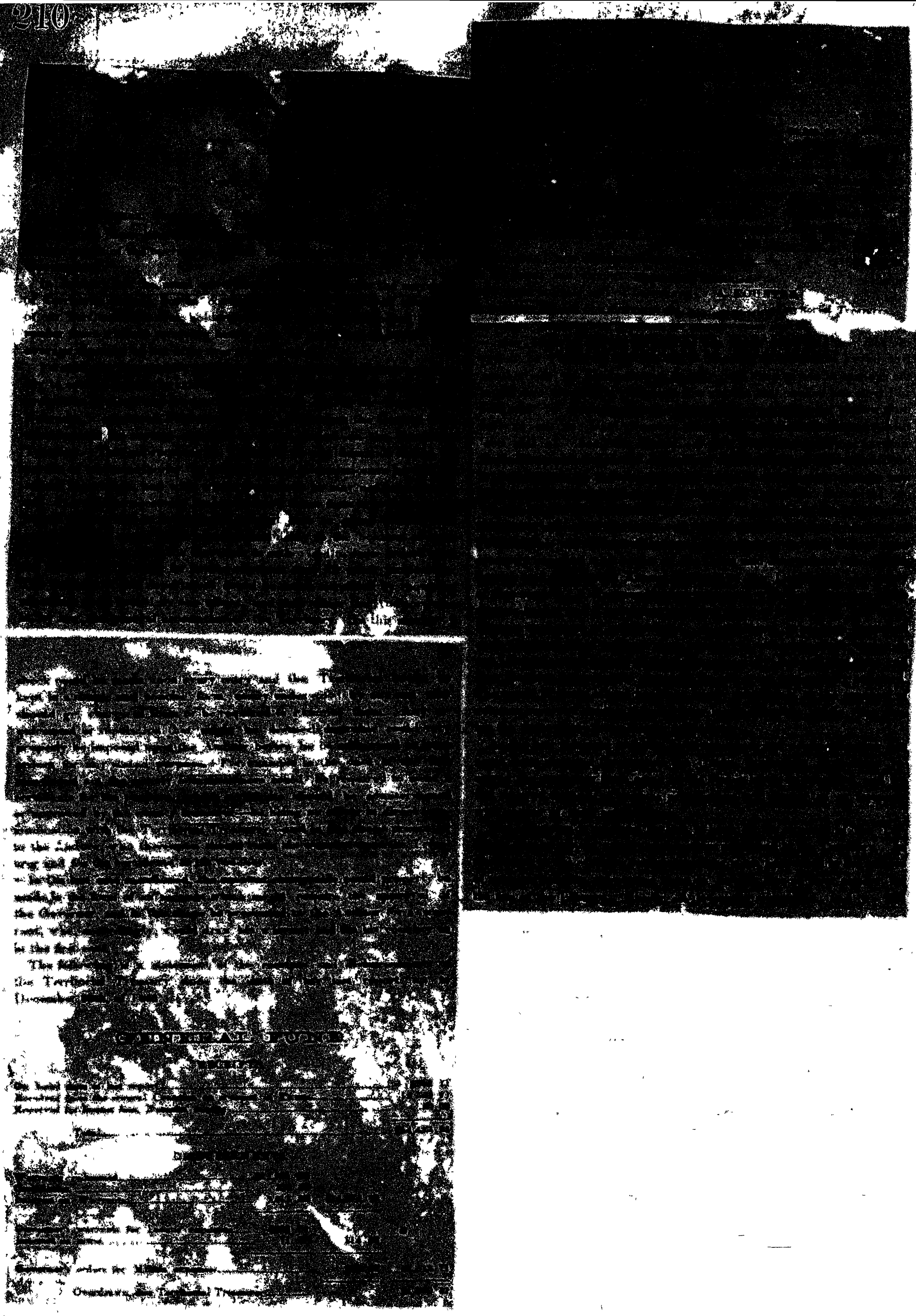
COUNTIES	1900.	1910.	1901.	1902.	1903.	1904.	1905.
Bell							
Carr							
Cedar							
Crawford							
Dekalb							
Dixon							
Dodge							
Douglas							
Gage							
Johnson							
Jones							
Kenner							
Lancaster							
Lincoln							
Otoe							
Pawnee							
Platte							
Richardson							
Saline							
Saunders							
Seward							

STATEMENT C. CIRCUIT COURT

COUNTIES	1900.	1910.	1901.	1902.	1903.	1904.	1905.
Bell							
Carr							
Cedar							
Crawford							
Dekalb							
Dixon							
Dodge							
Douglas							
Gage							
Johnson							
Jones							
Kenner							
Lancaster							
Lincoln							
Otoe							
Pawnee							
Platte							
Richardson							
Saline							
Saunders							
Seward							

STATEMENT I.

STATEMENT I. (continued)



1st Count.

Thos. C. Jas. P. Kerr, the above named defendant, on his oath says that he is interested in the matter of the application and delay of said James P. Kerr to file said bill of review.

Deponent further says that he has been informed and believes that the said complainant has filed a bill of review in this cause, and that the same was dismissed for want of prosecution, and that the said complainant has not since that time filed any bill of review in this cause.

Thos. C. Kerr

Sworn to before me this 7th day of March A.D. 1857

Jno. Wm. Wallace
Clerk of the Circuit Court
for Madison County Illinois

Time.

In accordance with a custom long recognized, and at advance, by all the States and of the Republic, and in conformance with the Proclamation of His Excellency the President of the United States, dated the 3rd day of October, A.D. Thanksgiving; I do hereby recommend that the Judiciary shall close their doors on Thursday the 27th of November, and that all persons assembled previously, & it might be proper, shall refrain from their usual vocations on that day, and that they assemble at their usual places of worship, and give thanks to the Great Ruler of the Universe for the continued success and kindness he has so bestowed.

Done at Corpus Christi, this 4th day of November A.D. 1844.

Hyacinth S. Kinney

Acting Governor.

Indictment for Murder — Sentence and Judgment & Mittimus

Territory of Nebraska } In the District Court of the Second
vs. } Judicial District sitting within and
Joseph Morris. } for Dakotan County. Nebraska Terr.
Fall Term 1866.

Indictment for Murder.

Filed Sept. 28th. Verdict of Jury. Guilty of Manslaughter.

Sentence and Judgment of the Court.

It is Sentence and Judgment of the Court that the said Joseph Morris be confined in the Penitentiary of Nebraska for the period of Two years and that he stand committed until this Sentence and Judgment is complied with.

29th Sept. 1866.

Chas. D. Canby.
Judge.

Territory of Nebraska }
County of Dakotan } ss.

I Cyrus Skeels, Clerk of the Second Judicial District of Nebraska Territory

Order of Joseph Lewis

Governor of the Territory of Nebraska,

To all to whom these presents shall come, Greeting:

Know ye that whereas it appears that at the September term A.D. 1866 of the District Court of the County of Richardson, in said Territory, Joseph Lewis was convicted of the crime of Manslaughter and sentenced to be imprisoned in the Nebraska Penitentiary, for the term of five years. Which it has been made to appear to the Executive that said Joseph Lewis is a fit subject for Executive Clemency:

Now Therefore I Algernon S. Paddock, acting Governor of the Territory of Nebraska, in consideration of the premises, divers other good and sufficient causes, the thereunto moving, have granted and do hereby grant unto him the said Joseph Lewis

a full and unconditional pardon for said offence of Manslaughter, of which he was convicted, which pardon shall take effect from and after the date of these presents.

In Witness Whereof I have hereunto set my signature and caused the Great Seal of the Territory to be affixed.

Done at Omaha, this the 11th day of December in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty

P.S.

Algernon S. Paddock
Acting Governor.

which
follows:
of 1866-67 be collected,

Total,
Net bonded indebtedness,
Estimated interest on the same,
" 10 per. bonds,

Excess of fund,

It thus appears that during the
is therefore from the proper
considerable amount of the
annually. I would recommend
fund to advertise for
The
saving to the
although it cannot be followed
Sinking fund on hand
Levy of 1867 to be collected,

Warrants redeemed,
Interest paid on 7 per cent bonds,
" " 10 per "
Bonds surrendered,
Taxes refunded Cedar Chapel in error

Balance on hand,
Respectfully submitted,

Total

Auditor General's Department.

STATEMENT of Treasury, Principal, Powder, and Interest, on account

STATEMENT

| COUNTIES | Acres of Land | | |